

INNOVATIVE  
**SEALING & POLYMER**  
SOLUTIONS



**OmniSeal®**

**SPRING-ENERGIZED SEALS**



SAINT-GOBAIN  
SEALS

**PRODUCT  
HANDBOOK**



  
**SAINT-GOBAIN**

# Welcome to the Saint-Gobain Seals World: Experience You Can Rely On ... Time After Time

Saint-Gobain has a rich tradition of excellence that dates back more than 345 years. Today, it is among the world's top 100 industrial corporations and a leader in the development and production of engineered components and materials.

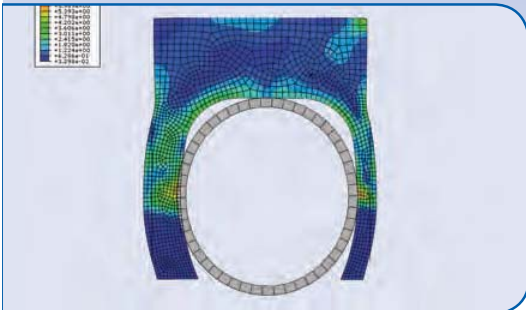
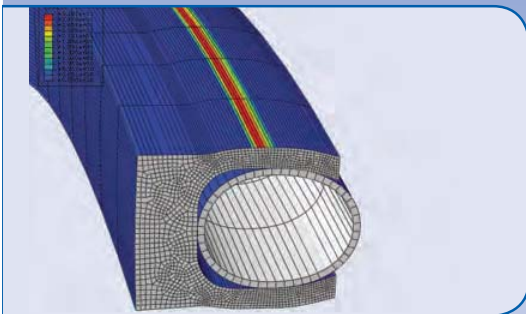
In 1665, King Louis XIV signed the letters patent, leading to the creation of Saint-Gobain on an industrial basis. Among the company's earlier and more notable projects was the manufacturing of 357 mirrors for the Hall of Mirrors in the Palace of Versailles. From these glassmaking origins, Saint-Gobain continues its long history of developing new and innovative materials and products through arduous research.

With more than 195,000 employees, operations in 64 countries and 20 research and development centers, Saint-Gobain provides complete and thorough service to our customers, beginning with our experienced design engineering team, moving to our high-tech labs for testing and research and development, and continuing on to the manufacturing floor.

We believe that "the future is made of Saint-Gobain" and have devoted much of our resources to creating strong research and development centers and establishing partnerships with prestigious universities and laboratories. Our commitment to innovation has resulted in the rapid progression of new Saint-Gobain products that did not exist five years ago.

Saint-Gobain is among the global leaders in each of its businesses: construction products, building distribution, packaging and innovative materials, including high-performance seals. Our seals are manufactured throughout the world with sites located in the Americas, Europe and Asia.

With a strong history of innovation, Saint-Gobain Seals is dedicated to providing the most technologically advanced products on the market today and finding solutions for the future.



# A Tour of Our Capabilities

Saint-Gobain Seals' global presence allows us to manufacture OmniSeal® spring-energized seals throughout the world, with sites located in Garden Grove, California, USA; Kontich, Belgium; Kolo, Poland; Willich, Germany; Minhang, Shanghai, China; Suwa, Japan and Vinhedo, Brazil. To further support your needs we also have a technical office available in Agrate Brianza, Italy. The majority of our products are custom designed through careful and detailed collaboration with each customer, giving them access to the market-leading engineering, research and customer service expertise of our organization.

## Design Engineering

- › 3D modeling
- › Finite Element Analysis (FEA)
- › CAD drawings
- › FEA based spring force calculator

## R&D, Lab and Testing

- › DMA (Dynamic Mechanical Analyzer), TMA (Thermomechanical Analyzer), TGA (Thermogravimetric Analyzer) and DSC (Differential Scanning Calorimetry)
- › FTIR (Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy) and SEM (Scanning Electron Microscopy), Malvern Particle Analyzer, Digital Microscopes and Surface Finish Profilometer
- › Tribological Material Testing; Mechanical, Electrical and Optical Testing; and EMI/RFI Testing
- › Blending and Molding, High-Speed Rotary Test Rigs and High Pressure Hydraulic Test Chamber

We are proud of our more than 50 years of experience in manufacturing, along with our spirit of continuous improvement utilizing WCM, 5S, Kaizen and Six Sigma, which lead to superior process control, high product quality and consistent performance. As a result of our dedication to excellence, our worldwide facilities are ISO 9001 certified. Our sites in Garden Grove, Kontich, Minhang, Kolo and Willich are also ISO 14001 certified. Additionally, our Garden Grove site is certified for AS9100, the Kontich site for EN9100 and the Willich site for TS16949 and OHSAS18001.

## Manufacturing

- › Metal fabrication
- › Multi-axis precision manufacturing
- › Injection and co-injection molding, liquid injection molding, hot and cold compression molding, automatic molding, hot and cold isostatic molding
- › Direct forming
- › Tool design and fabrication
- › Coiling/winding and punching
- › Casting and coating
- › Skiving and sintering
- › Rapid prototyping



Garden Grove,  
California, USA

Kontich, Belgium

Minhang,  
Shanghai, China

Kolo, Poland

Suwa, Japan

Willich, Germany

Vinhedo, Brazil



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## When Our Spring-Energized Seals (SES) Journey Began

### What Is the OmniSeal® Product Line?

OmniSeal® seals are the Saint-Gobain Seals product family of spring-energized PTFE seals made from high-performance polymer materials.

In the early 1950s, OmniSeal® seals were first developed by three separate entrepreneurs in Southern California, each introducing a unique design: OmniSeal®, TEC Ring and RACO™ seals. These seals were developed to provide improved performance over soft elastomeric seals and hard metal gaskets in applications involving cryogenic liquid propellants in various rocket engine programs. OmniSeal® seals helped to solve sealing problems from highly aggressive chemicals at very low temperatures where conventional seals had failed.

In the 1960s and 1970s, the Fluorocarbon Company (which later became Furon), began to purchase OmniSeal® designs and firms that manufactured these seals. Furon continued to develop and improve these spring-energized seals in order to handle extreme sealing requirements for the commercial aircraft industry. In 1999, Compagnie de Saint-Gobain purchased Furon, giving our French industrial firm a leading role in the fast-growing high-performance plastics and sealing business. Already well known for its glass and ceramics, Saint-Gobain's acquisition of Furon gave it a more diversified portfolio of products.

Since this acquisition, Saint-Gobain Seals continues to develop its patented OmniSeal® spring-energized seals product line, proven to be effective solutions in multiple industries.





## Our Spring-Energized Seals and Their Part in History



Hardware that was built for space vehicles in the Apollo moon exploration program contained a variety of OmniSeal® products. The Lunar Lander at the Smithsonian National Air and Space Museum in Washington, D.C., displays our RACO™ seal (a design within the OmniSeal® product family), which was used to seal the triangular shaped window on the space vehicle.



OmniSeal® seals were designed and used in the first space shuttle launched in 1981 by NASA as part of their STS (Space Transportation System) program. Since that time, our seals have been launched into space in 132 shuttle missions and included in 25 critical applications in the main engine, life support systems, hypergolic fuels and external tank. Our seals have traveled more than 500 million miles.



As the first probe from Earth to land intact on Mars, the Viking Mars Lander's sampling chambers where mission critical experiments were conducted contained RACO™ seals. RACO™ seals were substituted for metal seals which failed leakage tests just months short of vehicle launch.

### Proven in the Past ...

Having proved that our OmniSeal® product line can handle the most extreme environments in the aerospace industry, Saint-Gobain Seals looked to assist other industries such as oil and gas, automotive, electronics, industrial and life sciences. Within those industries, we were also successful in addressing critical issues for our customers due to our custom designs, engineer-to-engineer collaboration, and research and development resources. In the past we have proven to be the right partner for sealing and polymer solutions, and we are prepared to assist our customers with their future goals.

... Prepared for the Future



## How Our OmniSeal® Spring-Energized Seals Work

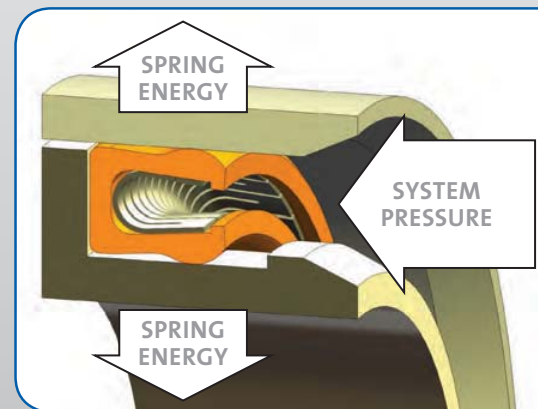
The OmniSeal® spring-energized seal is a spring-actuated, pressure-assisted sealing device consisting of a PTFE (or other polymer) jacket partially encapsulating a corrosion-resistant metal spring energizer.

When the OmniSeal® seal is seated in the gland, the spring is under compression, forcing the jacket lips against the gland walls and thereby creating a leak-tight seal. The spring provides permanent resilience to the seal jacket and compensates for material wear and hardware misalignment or eccentricity. System pressure also assists in energizing the seal jacket. Spring loading assisted by system pressure provides effective sealing in both low and high-pressure operating environments.

OmniSeal® jackets are precision machined from PTFE, filled PTFE composites and other high performance polymers. An OmniSeal® seal with a PTFE jacket functions at temperatures ranging from cryogenic to 572°F (300°C) and is inert to virtually all chemicals except molten alkali metals, fluorine gas at high temperature and chlorine trifluoride (ClF<sub>3</sub>).

OmniSeal® products are available with a variety of spring energizers, each with characteristics that meet specific requirements. Spring loading can be engineered to meet critical low friction requirements in dynamic applications, or extremely high loading often required for cryogenic sealing. Springs are fabricated from corrosion-resistant metals such as 300 Series and 17-7 PH stainless steels, Elgiloy®, Hastelloy® and Inconel®. OmniSeal® products with metal springs have unlimited shelf life and are not subject to age controls normally imposed on elastomeric seals.

Seals with elastomer O-rings used as energizers – made from such materials as nitrile, silicone, FKM and OmniFlex™ – are also available by contacting our manufacturing site. The geometry of the OmniSeal® seal installed in a gland provides positive resistance to torsional or spiral failures often found in O-rings.



*OmniSeal® 400A seal in working conditions*

## Our Seal Jacket Materials

Saint-Gobain Seals' Fluoroloy® compounds which make up the seal jackets are made from high-performance polymer resins that are compounded and processed for optimum performance in a wide variety of sealing environments. The materials listed below are our most commonly recommended compounds and are suitable for most applications. Over the years, Saint-Gobain Seals has developed more than 500 blends for use in unique sealing applications, and we are continually formulating and developing new materials.

### Material Codes and Properties

Material Code	Color	Description and Recommended Use	Temperature Range		Coefficient of Friction	Wear Factor 1 = Excellent 15,000 = Poor	Tensile Strength (psi/MPa)	Elongation (%)	Hardness (Shore D)
			°F	°C					
A01	White	<b>Virgin PTFE.</b> Excellent for static and light to moderate dynamic service. Limited wear and heat resistance. Low gas permeability. Good cryogenic properties. Moderate to hard vacuum service. FDA compliant.	-346 to +500	-210 to +260	0.09	7,500	4,000 (27.6)	300	58
A02	White	<b>Modified PTFE.</b> Excellent for light to moderate dynamic and static service. Limited wear and heat resistance. Low gas permeability. Good cryogenic properties. Moderate to hard vacuum service. FDA compliant. Improved creep and extrusion resistance.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	6,000	4,800 (33.1)	450	58
A05	Black	<b>Polymer Filled PTFE.</b> Excellent wear material for higher temperatures, pressures and speeds. Excellent in water and water-based solutions. Superior in dry or poor lubricated applications. Can be abrasive running against soft metals.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	1	2,000 (13.8)	170	64
A08	Tan	<b>Polymer Filled PTFE.</b> Superior heat and wear resistance. Non-abrasive. Recommended for moderate to high speed dynamic service running against soft metals. Not recommended for applications with steam.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.15	2	3,000 (20.7)	230	60
A09	Gold	<b>Formulated UHMW-PE.</b> Extremely tough, long wearing but limited heat and chemical resistance. Particularly suitable for abrasive media. Recommended for long wear life under severe conditions.	-240 to +180	-150 to +82	0.11	9	4,500 (31.0)	230	61
A11	Clear	<b>Virgin ETFE.</b> Thermoplastic with superior resistance to nuclear radiation but limited heat and wear resistance. Not recommended for general purpose sealing.	-150 to +300	-101 to +149	0.50	150	5,600 (38.6)	300	72





## Our Seal Jacket Materials

### Material Codes and Properties

Material Code	Color	Description and Recommended Use	Temperature Range		Coefficient of Friction	Wear Factor 1 = Excellent 15,000 = Poor	Tensile Strength (psi/MPa)	Elongation (%)	Hardness (Shore D)
			°F	°C					
A12	Gold	<b>Polymer Filled PTFE.</b> Tough, long wearing, heat resistant. Very low friction. Excellent for dry running applications against soft surfaces. Excellent materials for reciprocating applications.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	9	2,000 (13.8)	180	60
A15	Gray	<b>Lubricated Glass Filled PTFE.</b> Similar to A27 material but somewhat softer for improved sealing at low pressure. Can be abrasive running against soft metals.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	5	3,400 (23.4)	230	58
A16	Gray	<b>Lubricated Organic Filled PTFE.</b> Excellent general purpose material for heat and wear resistance. Recommended for dry and poorly lubricated applications. Particularly suitable for water and steam service.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	12	3,000 (20.7)	200	60
A17	White	<b>Formulated UHMW-PE.</b> Extremely good wear and abrasion resistance, but limited heat and chemical resistance. FDA compliant.	-240 to +180	-150 to +82	0.11	9	5,400 (37.2)	450	62
A21	Black	<b>Lubricated Organic Filled PTFE.</b> Similar to A16 material but increased hardness and wear resistance. Excellent in steam and water under severe conditions. Improved creep and extrusion resistance at higher temperature. Good for back-up rings.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.10	6	1,800 (12.4)	65	65
Meldin® 5301	Tan	<b>Virgin PEEK.</b> High modulus material with excellent high temperature resistance. Recommended for back-up rings and for special applications.	-100 to +572	-210 to +300	0.40	20	13,780 (95.0)	30	90
A27	Gray	<b>Lubricated Glass Filled PTFE.</b> Tough, long wearing, heat resistant. Recommended for high pressure hydraulic service. Can be abrasive running against soft metals at high surface speeds.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	9	3,300 (22.8)	280	58
A30	Yellow	<b>Glass Formulated PTFE.</b> Excellent heat, wear and chemical resistance. Good cryogenic properties. Can be abrasive running against soft metals at high speeds. Excellent material for back-up rings.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	6	2,700 (18.6)	220	60

## Our Seal Jacket Materials

### Material Codes and Properties

Material Code	Color	Description and Recommended Use	Temperature Range		Coefficient of Friction	Wear Factor 1 = Excellent 15,000 = Poor	Tensile Strength (psi/MPa)	Elongation (%)	Hardness (Shore D)
			°F	°C					
A40	Tan	<b>Polymer Filled PTFE.</b> Good wear resistant material for medium hard counterfaces. Caution when used in wet applications. FDA compliant.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.10	6	2,500 (17.2)	175	63
A41	Black	<b>Modified Filled PTFE.</b> Excellent all purpose high wear material. Best for dynamic applications running on moderate to hard surfaces.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	30	2,600 (17.9)	135	60
A42	Black	<b>Lubricated Formulated PTFE.</b> Excellent general purpose material with good heat and wear resistance. Non-abrasive. Compatible with all hydraulic fluids and most chemicals. Good in water and non-lubricating fluids.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	30	1,800 (12.4)	90	60
A45	Brown	<b>Polymer Filled PTFE.</b> Excellent wear material for higher temperatures, pressures and speeds. Superior in dry or poor lubricated applications. FDA compliant.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.09	1	1,900 (13.1)	300	55
A46	White	<b>Filled PTFE.</b> Good wear resistant material against all stainless steel counterfaces. May be used in contact with food. FDA compliant.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.20	15	2,000 (13.8)	175	60
A47	White	<b>Filled PTFE.</b> Very good wear resistant material under wet or lubricated conditions. May be used in contact with food. FDA compliant.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.11	9	1,200 (8.3)	90	63
A56	Black	<b>Proprietary PTFE.</b> Outstanding heat and chemical resistance. Highly conductive material.	-150 to +400	-101 to +204	0.21	32	3,500 (24.1)	250	65
A68	Black	<b>Filled PTFE.</b> Excellent for dynamic sealing in ceramic surfaces. Excellent wear resistance in water, dry and lubricated environments.	-346 to +572	-210 to +300	0.36	5	2,000 (13.8)	200	60
A83	Tan	<b>Proprietary PTFE.</b> Excellent conductive material. Excellent EMI/RFI Shielding.	-320 to +572	-195 to +300	0.28	16	3,500 (24.1)	80	75
A84	Black	<b>Proprietary PTFE.</b> Excellent conductive material. Excellent EMI/RFI Shielding.	-320 to +608	-195 to +320	0.42	3	2,300 (15.8)	90	70

# Our Investment in Industry-Recognized Material and Qualification Standards



## Material Properties and Qualifications

The demand for additional qualifications has been increasing over time due to stringent environmental requirements. Saint-Gobain Seals' Research and Development department has been continuously working on the development of new materials and qualifications in order to meet the new industry standards of tomorrow. This has resulted in our materials being qualified according to international standards applicable for different industries, several of which are detailed below.

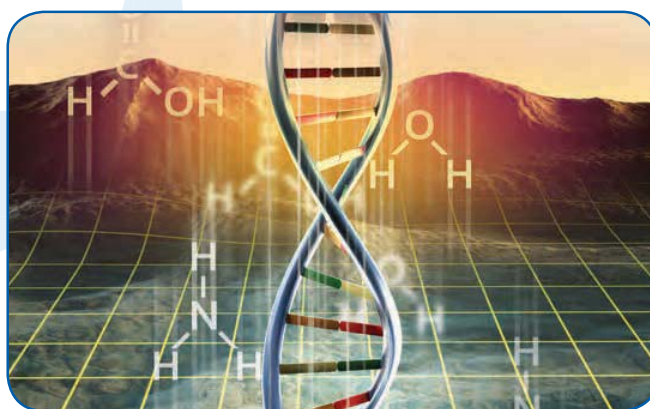
For more information on our other qualifications, please view our website at [www.seals.saint-gobain.com](http://www.seals.saint-gobain.com) or contact us at [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com).

## NORSOK M-710 and API 6A Requirements for the Oil and Gas Industry

In the 1970s, Saint-Gobain Seals introduced OmniSeal® spring-energized seals to the oil and gas market in order to solve reliability and durability problems caused by the severe limitations of elastomeric seals. These seals, which had already proven themselves extensively in the aerospace industry, addressed critical issues including aggressive media, sour gas environment, resistance to rapid gas decompression and extreme operating conditions. Over the years, we have built unique expertise in designing high-performance polymer components that meet the most difficult challenges.

Today, Saint-Gobain Seals has more than 30 Fluoroloy® materials available that are qualified to NORSOK M-710 standard which describes the required physical tests for sealing materials. Most tests were undertaken at our R&D facilities while the aging tests were carried out by the Element Hitchin/MERL independent laboratory in the United Kingdom. The aging results can lead to an estimation of service life for materials in sour applications as well as a more general assessment of their suitability for sour service. In this qualification process, Fluoroloy® materials were subjected to extreme temperature and high percentages of hydrogen sulfide up to 15% H<sub>2</sub>S, providing new insights into the properties of these high performance compounds. This information will be used for the development of materials which can be used under even more demanding environments.

All of our Fluoroloy® and Meldin® materials that successfully passed the NORSOK qualification are available. The metal energizers are NACE-approved materials for use in sour gas service. In addition, we have materials qualified to API 6A F1.13.5.2 sour immersion testing of materials in fluid HH at 392°F (200°C).





## Our Investment in Industry-Recognized Material and Qualification Standards

### Material Compliance and Regulations for the Life Sciences Industry

From material selection to clean room operations, Saint-Gobain Seals offers the technology and infrastructure to support today's life sciences customer. Our extensive material catalogue includes different materials such as PTFE, PEEK, PCTFE, UHMW-PE and PFA based compounds that are compliant to one or more life sciences regulations. Please refer to the table below.

All listed FDA compliant Fluoroloy® materials are approved for repeated contact with food or drugs for oral consumption under title 21 CFR of the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The awareness for safe direct food contact has grown worldwide and therefore different regulations are available. As a global developer and manufacturer of sealing elements for the life science industry, it is imperative that we have materials available that comply not only with the FDA but also with Direct Food Contact Regulation 1935/2004 & 10/2011 in Europe. Materials are also available that comply to USDA (United States Department of Agriculture) and 3A Sanitary standard 20 (milk products).

In addition, Saint-Gobain Seals offers Fluoroloy® materials with full USP Class VI certification that comply with stringent disposable and reusable medical device requirements. The United States Pharmacopeia (USP) is a voluntary, not-for-profit organization that promotes the public health by establishing and disseminating officially recognized standards of quality. Plastics are qualified into one of six classes, each requiring different levels of testing. Class VI requires the most extensive testing.

Many applications in different industries deal with extreme chemical environments. Whether the media is alkaline, acidic or a unique solvent, Saint-Gobain Seals offers a material compound to meet your specific chemical needs, including Fluoroloy® A02, A21 and Rulon® LR, which are BAM certified.

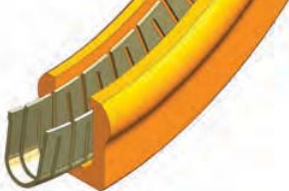
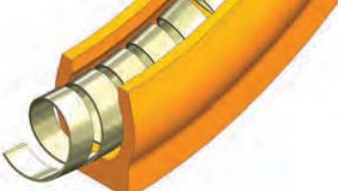
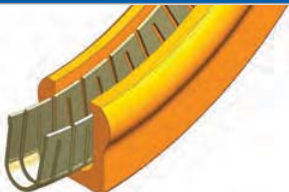

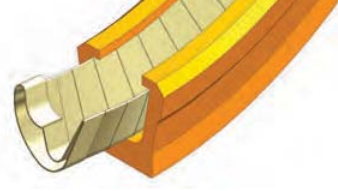



### Direct Contact Material Properties

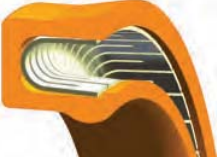
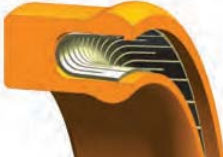
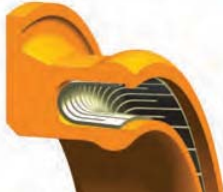
Material Code	FDA Compliant	EU 1935/2004 10/2011	USDA	3-A Sanitary	USP Class VI
A01					
A02					
A06					
A12					
A17					
A20					
Meldin® 5301					
A23					
A29		Simulant A, B, C, D1, D2, E			
A40					
A45					
A46		Simulant D1, D2, E			
A47					
A66					
A79		Simulant C			



## Our Seal Design Variations

OmniSeal® 400A Spring Design	OmniSeal® 103A Spring Design
	
OmniSeal® Spring Ring II Design	OmniSeal® APS Spring Design
	
OmniSeal® RP II Spring Design	OmniSeal® RACO™ 1100A Spring Design
	

Saint-Gobain Seals offers the most complete line of spring-energizer configurations for various industries.

Skived lip	Extended heel	Flanged heel
		
All OmniSeal® designs except OmniSeal® RP II can be supplied with a sharp edge on either the I.D. or O.D. sealing lip. This edge provides a scraper/wiper action for sealing abrasive or viscous media. It may also be used as an environmental excluder.	OmniSeal® products can be supplied with an extended heel section for improved resistance to extrusion at high temperatures and/or high pressures.	The flanged heel design is recommended for rotary/oscillatory shaft applications. The flange is clamped in the seal housing to prevent the seal from turning with the shaft.



## Our Spring-Energizer Materials

### Optional Energizers



#### Elastomer Energizers

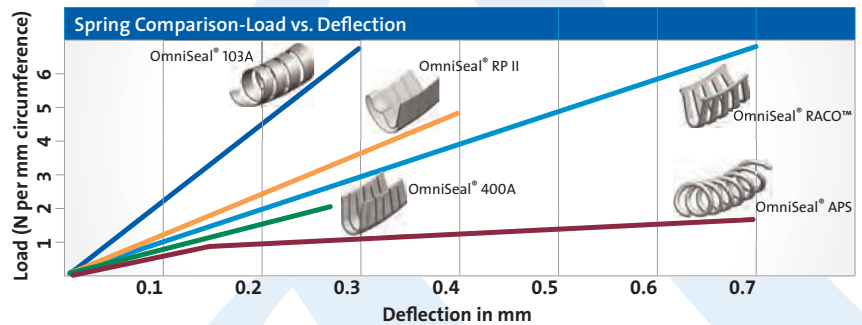
OmniSeal® 103A seals may be ordered with optional elastomeric O-ring energizers in place of the metallic spring. A wide variety of elastomers, such as OmniFlex™, nitrile, FKM and silicone are available.



#### RTV Silicone Filled Energizers

OmniSeal® 400A seals can be supplied with an FDA-approved grade of RTV silicone filled into the spring cavity. The elastomer ensures that no contaminants become trapped in the spring cavity, allowing the seal to be used in food processing and clean-in-place applications. Other materials are also available.

The metallic spring energizers available with OmniSeal® seals are listed in the chart below. Because of the nearly infinite variety of fluid media that may be encountered by the seals, no specific recommendations are made. The various stainless steels listed are compatible with most fluids. For questions or more information about media compatibility, please contact our Technical Support team at [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com) or refer to the back page for site contact information.



Code No.	Description	Page 39	Page 38	Page 36	Page 37	Page 40	Page 41
01	301 Stainless Steel		Standard	•	•	Standard	Standard
02	Inconel® 718						•
04	304 Stainless Steel			Standard	•	•	
05	Elgiloy®			•	•		•
06	316 Stainless Steel	•	•	•	•	•	
07	17/7 PH Stainless Steel				Standard		
08	Hastelloy® C276	•		•	•	•	
09	302 Stainless Steel	Standard				•	

• Optional selections for all sizes. Please contact our Technical Support team for more information.

Note: Other metallic spring energizers are available. For information regarding design requirements, specific seal designs, unique applications and additional data specifications, contact our Technical Support team.



# Seal Function and Motion

## Static and Dynamic Applications

There are two basic types of sealing applications: **static** and **dynamic**, in which at least two hardware surfaces come into contact with one another.

In static applications, there is essentially no relative motion between the hardware surfaces. A typical example is flanges that are bolted together. Saint-Gobain Seals offers **face seals** in such applications.

In dynamic applications, at least one surface is in motion relative to the other. A typical example is a hydraulic cylinder with shaft and bore. Further, there are two directions of motion in dynamic application: reciprocating or linear motion, and rotary (including oscillating) motion. We offer **radial seals** (rod seals and piston seals) in such applications.

Occasionally, the application may be a combination of both static and dynamic. Please see our application recommendations below or contact our Technical Support team at [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com). You may also refer to the back page for specific site contact information.

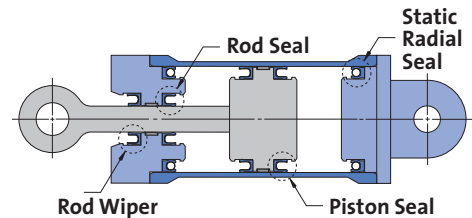
## Radial and Face Sealing

Based on the hardware configuration and location of seal glands, sealing can be either radial or axial (face sealing).

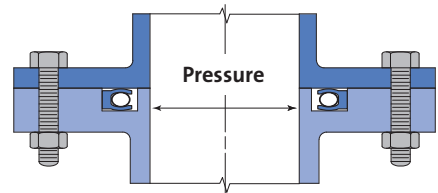
Radial sealing has glands that compress seals in a radial direction. Male glands are machined in the shaft, while female glands are machined in the bore. Radial sealing is usually, but not always, dynamic. We also offer **rod seals** and **piston seals** for these applications.

Axial sealing has glands that compress seals parallel to the axis of the seal. Glands are machined on the face of the hardware. Axial sealing is usually, but not always, static. We offer inside and outside **face seals** in such applications.

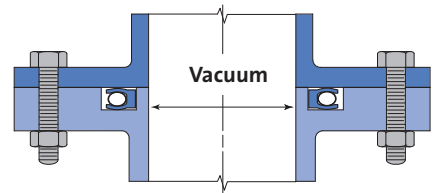
## Dynamic Radial Seal



## Static Inside Face Seal



## Static Outside Face Seal



## OmniSeal® Application Recommendations

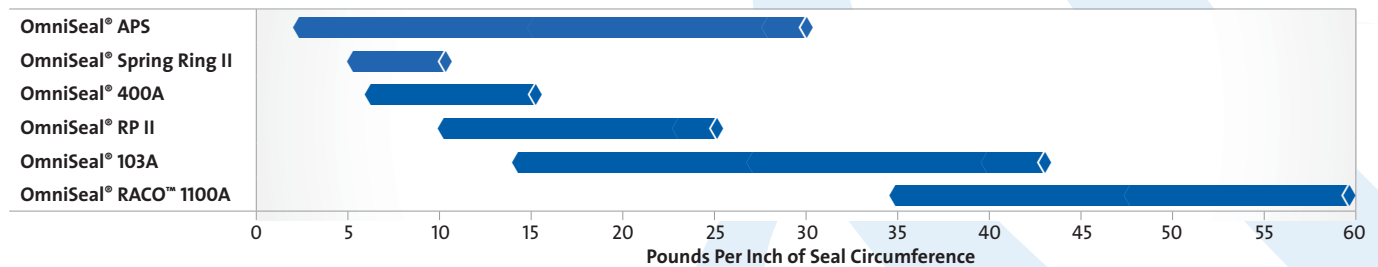
		Radial Sealing			Face Sealing
Static Application	Reciprocating	OmniSeal® 103A			OmniSeal® 103A OmniSeal® RACO™ 1100A
		OmniSeal® 400A OmniSeal® APS	OmniSeal® 103A OmniSeal® RP II	OmniSeal® SR II	
Dynamic Application	Rotary	Moderate Speed	Flanged OmniSeal® 400A Flanged OmniSeal® APS	Flanged OmniSeal® SR II	OmniSeal® 400A OmniSeal® APS OmniSeal® RACO™ 1100A OmniSeal® 103A
		Slow Speed	Flanged OmniSeal® 103A	Flanged OmniSeal® RP II	

## Friction and Rotary Motion

Friction, a measurement of the resistance to sliding between a seal and hardware surfaces, is directly related to the seal material's coefficient of friction and the normal load. Other factors that affect friction are lubrication, possible misalignment, pressure, temperature and hardware surface finishes. Information in the charts and formulas on this page can be used to calculate an approximate friction value for non-lubricated conditions. Lubrication provided by the media may produce lower frictional values.

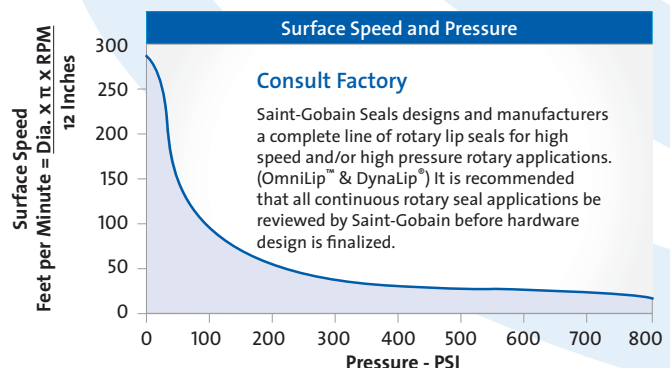
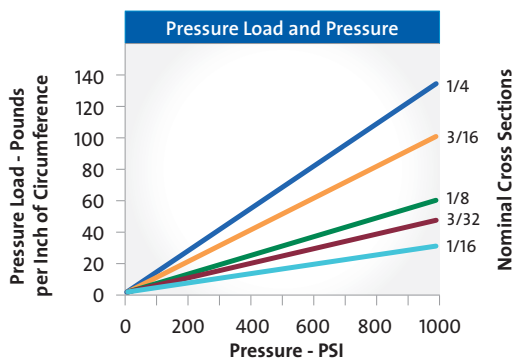
It is difficult to predict how the running and break-out friction values will differ without testing under actual working conditions. Saint-Gobain Seals manufactures a variety of springs with lower or higher loads than those shown on this page. In addition, we can develop special springs to meet other performance needs. For assistance with applications where friction is critical, please contact our Technical Support team at [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com). You may also refer to the back page for specific site contact information.

### Typical Spring Load Ranges



NOTE: The values above are for standard spring material and thicknesses. Other materials and spring thicknesses may be substituted; consult our Technical Support team for availability.

The approximate total load of an OmniSeal® seal can be calculated by adding the pressure load found in the chart below left to the average spring load shown in the chart above. For rotary motion, use the chart below right to qualify OmniSeal® products for continuous rotary applications.



$F$  = Total unit load – Pounds per inch of circumference (pressure load + spring load)

$D$  = Diameter of dynamic surface

$R$  =  $D/2$  (Radius)

$\mu$  = Material coefficient of friction

Linear Friction (Pounds) =  $F \times D \times \pi \times \mu$

Frictional Torque (Inch-Pounds) =  $F \times D \times \pi \times M \times R$



# Temperature, Pressure and Extrusion Gap

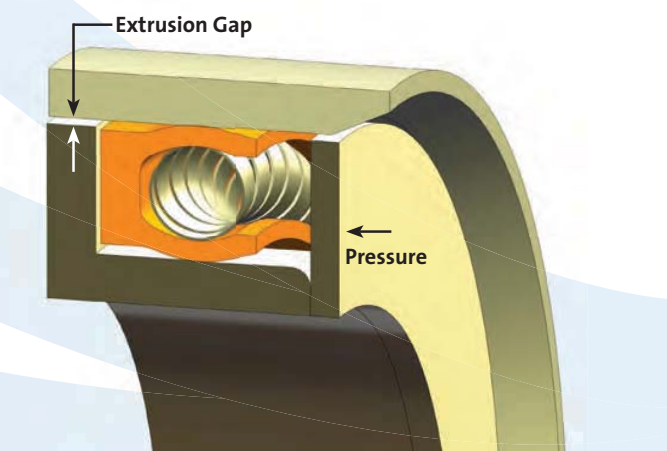
The size of the extrusion gap behind the seal is critical when sealing against high pressures and/or high temperatures. The extrusion gap is the clearance between the member hardware. Hardware designs without bearing or centering devices must take into consideration the diametrical clearance as the maximum extrusion gap. The combination of high pressures and/or high temperatures and excessive clearance can allow the seal jacket to extrude into the gap, causing premature failure.

The extrusion gap should be held to the minimum, and should not exceed the values shown in the table. Increasing the heel thickness of the seal improves resistance to extrusion. The extrusion gap can also be bridged using a separate back-up ring arrangement.

G Width: Gland width for standard seals without any back-up ring

G<sub>1</sub> Width: Gland width for extended heel and flanged heel seals without any back-up ring

G<sub>2</sub> Width: Gland width for standard seals using a back-up ring



## Maximum Recommended Extrusion Gap

(OmniSeal® 103A shown for illustration only)		A*	B*	C*	D*
G Width 	Unfilled	.004	.003	.002	—
	Filled	.006	.004	.003	—
G <sub>1</sub> Width 	Unfilled	.006	.004	.003	—
	Filled	.008	.006	.004	.003
G <sub>2</sub> Width 	Unfilled	.008	.006	.004	.003
	Filled	.010	.008	.006	.004
G <sub>2</sub> Width 	Unfilled	.010	.008	.006	.004
	Filled	.014	.010	.008	.006

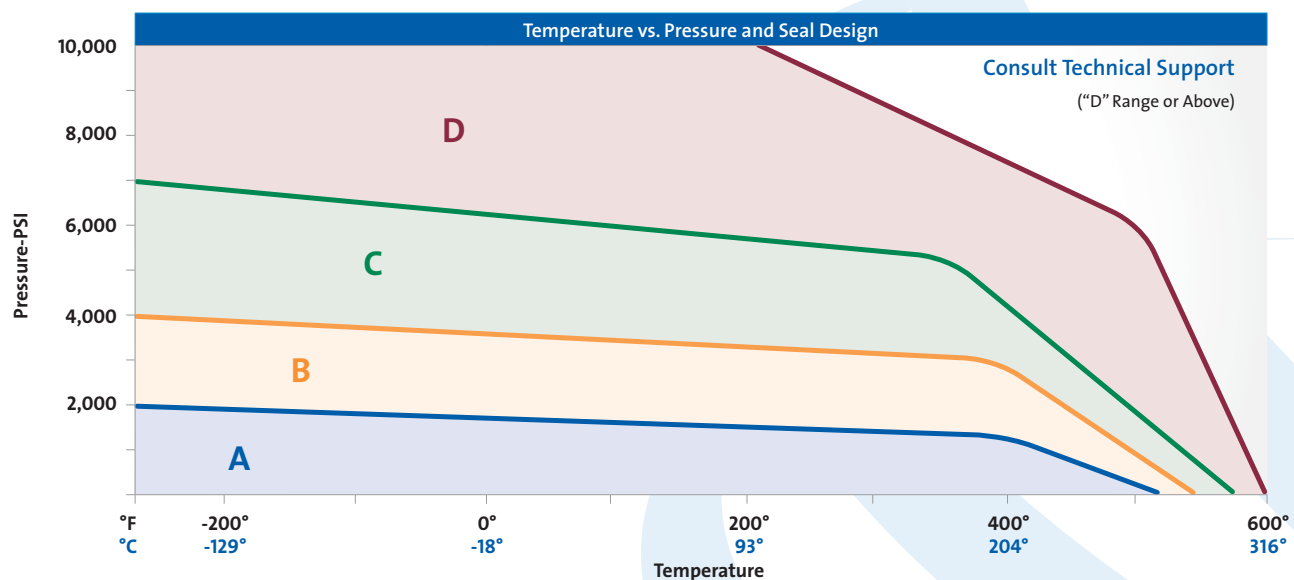
Note: Consult Technical Support for extrusion gap information regarding specific applications.  
\*Refer to page 18.



# Temperature, Pressure and Extrusion Gap

## Cryogenic Sealing

Cold temperatures below -40°F (-40°C) will cause PTFE and other polymer sealing materials to shrink and harden, and may compromise the spring load and frictional characteristics of the OmniSeal® spring-energized seal. Although face seals are less affected than radial seals, please consult our Technical Support team at [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com) before selecting an OmniSeal® seal for any cryogenic application.

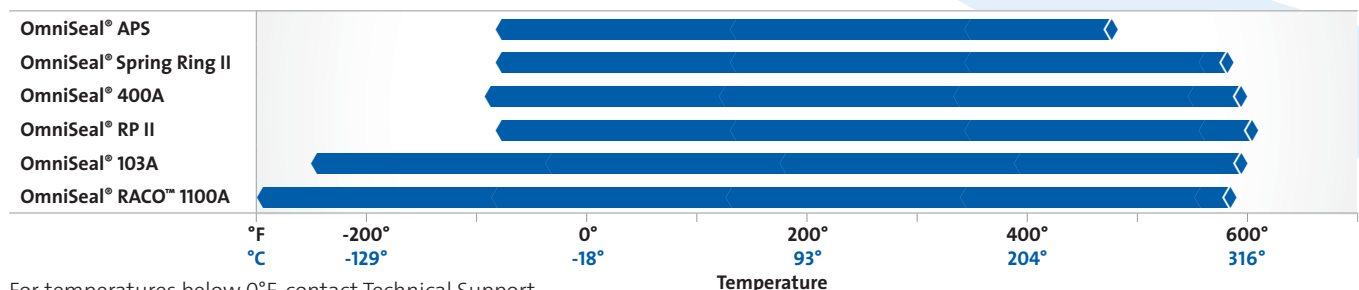


Please also refer to the Maximum Recommended Extrusion Gap table on page 17, which shows the A, B, C and D values.

## Seal Design Versus Temperature

Typically, seal jacket materials become somewhat harder at cold temperatures and may soften to some extent at high temperatures (see material list on pages 8-10 for temperature ranges). The spring energizer compensates for these conditions. If your seal design selection does not agree with the graph above, please consult our Technical Support at [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com).

## Seal Design vs. Temperature Chart



For temperatures below 0°F, contact Technical Support.

## Hardware, Finish and Hardness

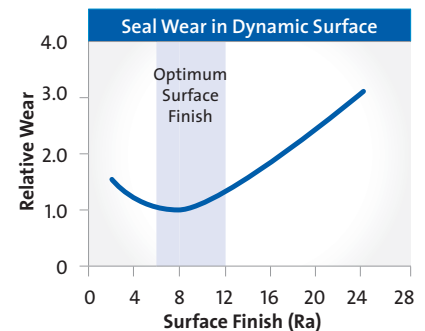
### Dynamic Hardware Surface Finish

The surface finish of materials that come into contact with the OmniSeal® spring-energized seals influences wear and life expectancy of the jacket material. Mating surfaces that are too rough can create leak paths and may be abrasive to the seal. Generally, smoother surface finish (lower Ra value) corresponds to lower wear, extended seal life and improved overall seal performance.

The transfer of a thin film of PTFE from the OmniSeal® jacket to the mating dynamic surface will improve seal life. Although rough finishes wear the jacket material too rapidly, extremely smooth dynamic surfaces prohibit sufficient material transfer to form a thin film. The graph below illustrates the effect of surface finish on seal wear.

### Hardware Surface Finish Recommendations

Media Sealed	Surface Finish	
	Dynamic Surface	Static Surface
Cryogenics Helium gas Hydrogen gas Freon	4 - 8 µin (0.1 - 0.2 µm) Ra	8 µin (0.2 µm) Ra max
Air Nitrogen gas Argon gas Natural gas Fuel (aircraft, automotive)	6 - 12 µin (0.15 - 0.3 µm) Ra	16 µin (0.4 µm) Ra max
Water Hydraulic oil Crude oil Sealants	8 - 16 µin (0.2 - 0.4 µm) Ra	32 µin (0.8 µm) Ra max



### Static Hardware Surface Finish

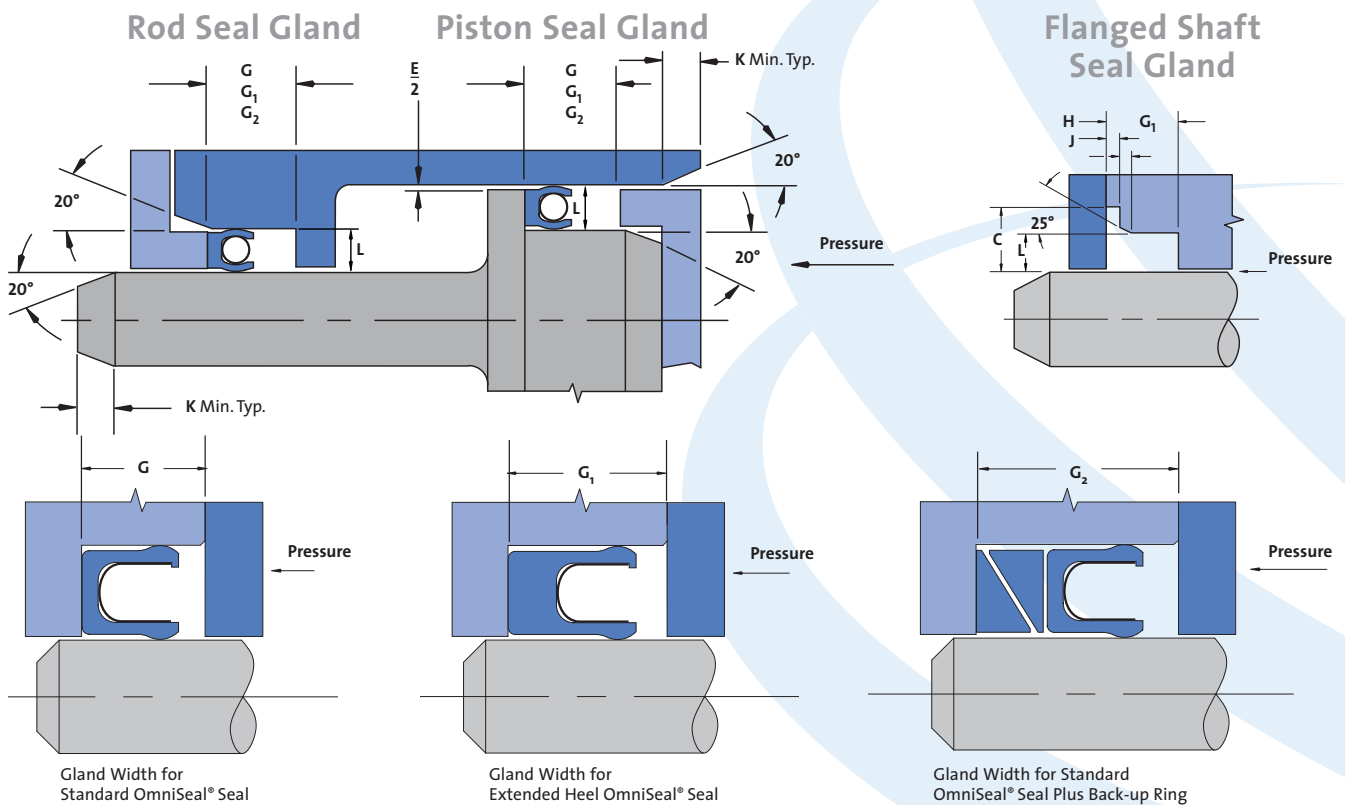
In most static sealing applications, better overall sealing performance is achieved with a smoother sealing surface finish. The optimum surface finish for most static sealing applications is 32 µin (0.8 µm) Ra or better. The “lay” on surfaces for static face seals should be concentric. Polishing or machining surfaces should be circular.

### Surface Hardness

A 40 Rockwell C hardness or greater is recommended for slow to moderate reciprocating motion. The ideal hardness for moderate to high-speed linear or rotary motion is 58 to 62 Rockwell C. Hard anodized surface finishes must be polished after anodizing.

## Gland Design

Proper gland geometry in the early stages of design can eliminate installation problems. Utilizing split or separable glands in piston and rod seal applications can eliminate the need for special tools and the need to stretch or compress the OmniSeal® seal during installation into the gland. To minimize stretching or distortion during assembly in non-split glands, the gland side wall on the pressure side can be reduced to provide a partial shoulder to retain the seal. Examples of alternate gland designs, including flanged, are shown below. If stretching into a full groove is unavoidable, consult proper procedures and tools recommended on page 58. Avoid assembling the seal over sharp corners, threads, keyways, etc. When these conditions exist, please use protective tooling.





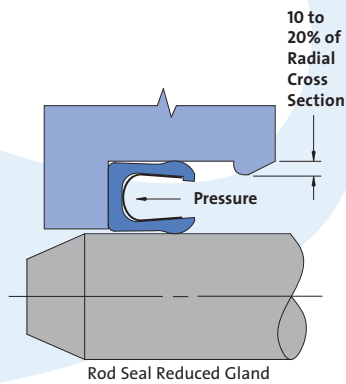
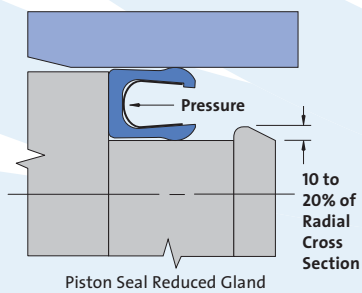
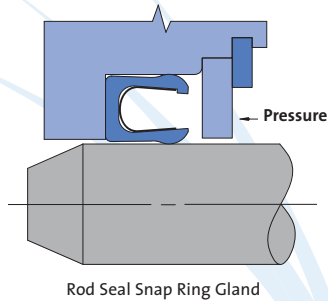
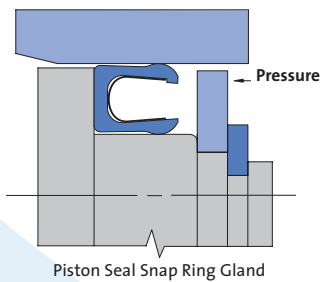
# Gland Design

## Radial Seal Gland Dimensions in Inches

MIL-G-5514/Industrial and AS4716 Dash No.	Nominal Cross-Section	G +0.010 -0.000	G <sub>1</sub> +0.010 -0.000	G <sub>2</sub> +0.010 -0.000	K Min.	C ±0.005	H ±0.001	J ±0.005	E Nominal <sup>1</sup>
004 - 045	1/16"	0.094	0.149	0.207	0.040	0.135	0.016	0.030	0.004
106 - 163	3/32"	0.141	0.183	0.245	0.062	0.168	0.023	0.035	0.005
202 - 281	1/8"	0.188	0.235	0.304	0.094	0.217	0.027	0.050	0.006
313 - 381	3/16"	0.281	0.334	0.424	0.125	0.331	0.032	0.070	0.007
409 - 460	1/4"	0.375	0.475	0.579	0.156	0.456	0.047	0.090	0.008

<sup>1</sup>See extrusion gap recommendations on page 17

## Alternate Gland Designs



## Where Our Seals Thrive in Aggressive Operating Conditions



For major oil companies, finding the giant fields they need to make their economics viable tend to drive them offshore and into deep water. Therefore, extreme operating conditions arise from the more complex reservoirs. These new requirements inspired Saint-Gobain Seals to design a series of innovative sealing solutions that consistently and reliably meet the ever-increasing requirements of high-performance equipment manufacturers.

### Features/Benefits

- › Deep and ultra-deepwater production
- › High pressure and high temperature (HPHT)
- › Harsh chemicals
- › Rapid Gas Decompression resistance
- › Long durability at extreme temperature and sour gas concentrations
- › Proprietary Fluoroloy® fluoropolymer compounds qualified to Norsok M-710 and to API 6A F.1.13 specifications
- › Cryogenic temperatures
- › Design compliant with fugitive emission international standards ISO15848 and Shell MES-C SPE 77-312

### Successful Oil and Gas Applications

- › Engineered subsea and topside valves
- › Hydraulic couplings
- › FPSO turret swivels
- › Pumps and compressors
- › Gas turbines
- › Transfer systems
- › Subsea equipment

## Case Studies

### OMNISEAL® OIL & GAS

#### Application: On/off Valves Fugitive Emission

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® 103A custom design + V-packings
<b>Specifications:</b>	Fugitive Emission Standards SHELL MESG SPE 77-312 or ISO15848-1
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	-58°F (-50°C) to 320°F (160°C)
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	Pressure up to 15,011 PSI (1,035 BAR)
<b>Leakage Rate:</b>	Class B $<10^{-4}$ mg.s <sup>-1</sup> .m <sup>-1</sup> circ
<b>Endurance:</b>	Class C03; 2,500 cycles
<b>Media:</b>	Oil

#### Our Added Value

- Self lubricating jacket material
- Non-abrasive sealing solution
- NORSOK M-710 materials
- High pressure and high temperature (HPHT) design



#### Application: Swivel for Marine LNG Loading Arms

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® RACO™ 1100A custom design
<b>Specifications:</b>	Primary and secondary dynamic face seal
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	-265°F (-165°C)
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	290 PSI (20 BAR)
<b>Typical Speed:</b>	Slow angular motion
<b>Media:</b>	Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)

#### Our Added Value

- Self-lubricating jacket material
- Non-abrasive sealing solution
- High-load and high-resilient seal
- Excellent for cryogenic temperatures and uses



## Case Studies

### OMNISEAL® OIL & GAS

#### Application: Subsea Valves

Ball and Gate Valves for Subsea Production Systems  
PLETs, PLEMs, Manifolds and X-mas Trees

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® 103A custom design
<b>Specifications:</b>	API Spec 17D/ISO 13628, API Spec 6DSS/ISO 14723 API Spec 6A, Appendix F (PR2test)/ISO 10423
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	Up to 482°F (250°C)
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	Up to 15,011 PSI (1,035 BAR)
<b>Media:</b>	Oil

#### Our Added Value

- Self-lubricating jacket material
- Non-abrasive sealing solution
- NORSOK M-710 materials
- High pressure and high temperature (HPHT) design
- Reliable and long service life



#### Application: High-Pressure FPSO Turret Swivel

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® 400A + welded PEEK back-up ring
<b>Specifications:</b>	Primary and secondary dynamic face seals, static seals
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	Up to 248°F (120°C)
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	6,237 PSI (430 BAR)
<b>Typical Speed:</b>	Slow angular motion (24 in/min or 0.6 m/min)
<b>Media:</b>	Oil

#### Our Added Value

- Self-lubricating jacket material
- Non-abrasive sealing solution
- NORSOK M-710 materials
- High pressure and high temperature (HPHT) design





## Where Our Seals Rise to the Most Difficult Challenges

Saint-Gobain Seals has its richest and oldest history in the aerospace market, supplying innovative sealing solutions since 1955. From space programs such as Apollo, Viking and the Space Shuttle to present-day space launch vehicles, our Saint-Gobain Seals has remained a leader in providing spring-energized seals for the aerospace industry for more than 50 years.

A growing requirement for commercial aircrafts, military aircrafts and launch vehicles is to use lighter weight materials in order to optimize fuel burn and increase payload capability. In addition, jet engines are being designed to operate at higher temperatures in order to increase thrust capabilities and operating efficiencies. We continue to lead the way in the aerospace industry by providing differentiated solutions for commercial aircraft, military aircraft and launch vehicle applications.

### Features/Benefits

- › Proven designs and tested solutions
- › Maintenance-free solutions
- › Lightweight components
- › Low and high-pressure sealing
- › Low and high-temperature resistance
- › Elastomer energizers also available

### Successful Aerospace Applications

- › Hydraulic/pneumatic linear actuators
- › Gearboxes
- › Turbine seals
- › Oil sumps
- › Landing gears
- › Jet engines
- › APUs
- › Rocket engines
- › Launch vehicles



## Case Studies

### OMNISEAL® AEROSPACE

#### Application: Gear Box Shaft

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® 400A seal
<b>Specifications:</b>	Sealing of gear box actuator shaft
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	Temperature from -65°F (-54°C) to 250°F (121°C)
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	Up to 18,927 PSI (1,305 BAR)
<b>Leakage Rate:</b>	None
<b>Media:</b>	Various media including water, oil and grease

#### Our Added Value

- Spring energizers perform better at low temperature compared to traditional elastomer energizers
- Sealing materials compatible with HVOF wear coatings
- Small seal envelope



#### Application: Anti-icing Seal in Flight Actuator

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® RP II seal
<b>Specifications:</b>	Sealing at extreme temperature
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	Pressure from -25 to 75 PSI (1.7 to 5.2 BAR)
<b>Temperature:</b>	As low as -65°F (-54°C)
<b>Media:</b>	Rainwater, deicing fluid, hydraulic oils

#### Our Added Value

- Prevents ice and snow from moving inside the actuator mechanism
- Effective sealing at low temperature
- High performance in rugged applications



## Case Studies

### OMNISEAL® AEROSPACE

#### Application: Rocket Engine Check Valve

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® 103A anti-blowout seal
<b>Specifications:</b>	Retains pressurized fluid on the high pressure side while preventing blowout of the seal from the housing
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	-300°F (-184°C) up to 122°F (50°C)
<b>Proof Pressure:</b>	3,000 PSI (207 BAR)
<b>Leakage Rate:</b>	None over hundreds of cycles
<b>Media:</b>	Pressurized and liquefied gas

#### Our Added Value

- Seal helps to prevent blowout in check valves.
- Unique seal design allows the seal to resist deformation resulting from rapid change of pressure across the seal surface.
- Seal can operate from cryogenic temperature up to 575°F (302°C).



#### Application: Secondary Seal in Aircraft APU

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® 400A seal
<b>Specifications:</b>	Sealing inside a mechanical carbon face seal. The seal performs secondary sealing as well as offers a very controlled drag to primary carbon face.
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	-67°F (-55°C) up to 550°F (288°C)
<b>Differential Pressure:</b>	0.3 to 12 PSI (0.8 BAR)
<b>Media:</b>	Air and oil

#### Our Added Value

- The seal can operate effectively over a wide range of temperatures.
- Controlled spring force adjusts the carbon face of minor change in differential pressure.
- Very thin cross-section minimizes drag.



## How Our Seals Operate in Stringent Conditions



For more than 30 years, Saint-Gobain Seals has been a trusted manufacturing partner to the medical, dental, analytical and pharmaceutical markets. Whether the challenge is caustic chemical, high pressure or cleanliness, we offer a solution to meet your stringent requirements. Our sealing materials offer temperature capability from -450°F (-268°C) to 600°F (316°C) and our seals offer pressure ratings from vacuum up to 50,000 PSI (3,448 BAR).

### Features/Benefits

- › FDA Title 21 CFR 177.1550 compliance materials
- › USP Class VI compliance materials
- › Broad chemical compatibility
- › Purity and cleanliness through Class 100 and 10K clean room manufacturing
- › Critical sealing
- › Frictional sealing across wide range of PV applications

### Successful Life Sciences Applications

- › HPLC/UHPLC
- › Surgical tools
- › Autoclave pumps
- › Hematology analyzers
- › Instrumentations
- › Portable oxygen concentrators
- › Pharmaceutical manufacturing equipment



## Case Studies

### OMNISEAL® LIFE SCIENCES

#### Application: Autoclave Pump

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® seal with elastomer energizer
<b>Specifications:</b>	Sealing in saturated steam
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	From 70°F to 270°F (21°C to 137°C)
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	50 PSI (3.5 BAR)
<b>Typical Speed:</b>	5,300 RPM (110 FPM)
<b>Typical Motion:</b>	Rotary
<b>Media:</b>	Saturated steam

#### Our Added Value

- Works well in dry and poorly lubricated applications
- Accommodates shaft with small diameters and very tight tolerances



#### Application: HPLC Instrumentation



<b>Product:</b>	Custom OmniSeal® seal with APS spring
<b>Specifications:</b>	Sealing at very high pressure
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	From 68°F to 104°F (20°C to 40°C)
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	15,000 PSI (1,034 BAR)
<b>Typical Speed:</b>	1.64 ft/min (50 cm/min)
<b>Typical Stroke Length:</b>	0.2 in (5 mm)
<b>Typical Motion:</b>	Reciprocating
<b>Media:</b>	UHPLC solutions

#### Our Added Value

- Long-wearing jacket material
- Low friction
- Constant spring load

## When Our Seals Take Innovation and Technology to a New Level



At Saint-Gobain Seals, quality and innovation are of the utmost importance. We have extensive experience in meeting sealing requirements for various electronics applications. We have seals in many different kinds of semiconductor processing equipment, including etch chambers, deposition chambers, pumps and boosters, cryogenic equipment, vacuum pumps and adhesive dispensing equipment. Our design engineering team and technical staff provide customized solutions that meet your needs. This process includes developing a prototype, testing the solution, manufacturing the part to specifications and delivering it on time.

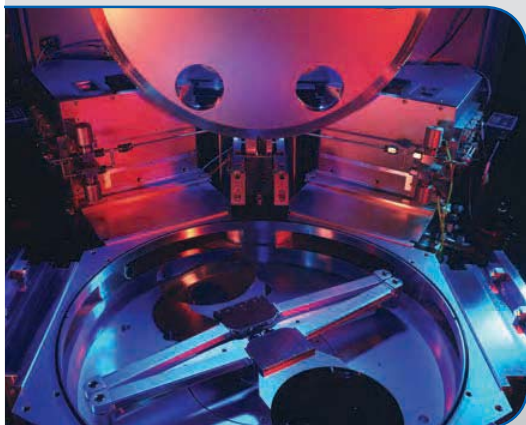
Our product quality and capabilities are the reason we are the preferred supplier for many large electronics and semiconductor corporations.

### Features/Benefits

- › High purity and cleanliness
- › Wide range of sealing element sizes and materials
- › Provides low outgassing
- › Excellent dimensional stability under vacuum and pressure conditions
- › Excellent chemical resistance to a wide range of fluids and gases
- › Capable of handling wide temperature ranges: cryogenic to 450°F (232°C)
- › Functions well under high pressure in excess of 500 PSI (34 BAR)
- › Good resistance to both dry and wet process chemistries

### Successful Electronics Applications

- › Processing pumps and boosters
- › Etch, deposition and other chamber lids
- › Vacuum pumps
- › Cryogenic equipment
- › Packaging equipment
- › Adhesive dispensing equipment



## Case Studies

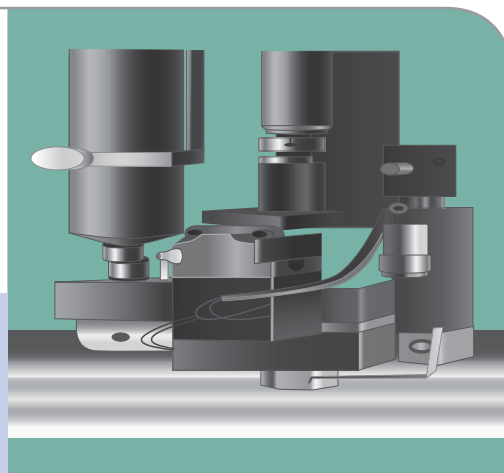
### OMNISEAL® ELECTRONICS

#### Application: Micro-E Packaging Plunger Pump

<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® 103A radial with skived I.D. lip
<b>Specifications:</b>	Chemically compatible with epoxy resin and installable in a closed groove
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	Ambient
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	2,860 PSI (197 BAR)
<b>Media:</b>	Epoxy resin

#### Our Added Value

- Excellent wear performance
- Excellent fluid compatibility

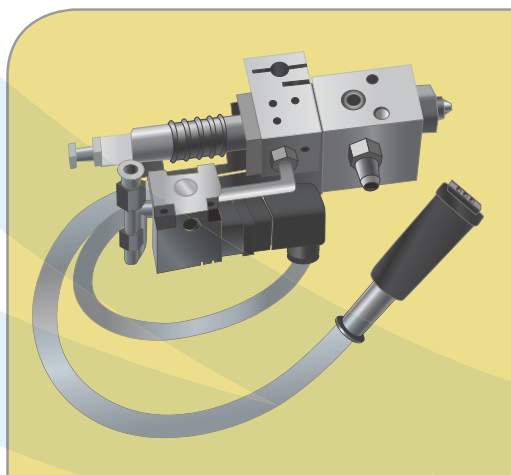


#### Application: Micro-E Packaging Hotmelt Dispenser

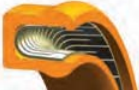
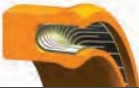







<b>Product:</b>	OmniSeal® 400A radial
<b>Specifications:</b>	Chemically compatible with epoxy resin at high temperature working conditions
<b>Typical Temperature:</b>	392°F (200°C)
<b>Typical Pressure:</b>	2,900 PSI (200 BAR)
<b>Media:</b>	Epoxy resin

#### Our Added Value

- Excellent wear performance
- Excellent fluid compatibility
- Low friction seal design



# Seal Selection Guide

OmniSeal Design Profiles	Seal Designs	Temperature Range		Pressure Capability (psi) Max	Application Service Ratings			Spring Materials Standard
		°F	°C		Static	Reciprocating	Rotary	
<b>Series 400A</b>    	400A Standard Heel Rod/Shaft Piston Face	+600° to -85°	+316° to -65°	3,000	G	E	G	304 SS *301 SS *316 SS *Elgiloy® *Hastelloy® C276
	400A Extended Heel Rod/Shaft Piston Face	+600° to -85°	+316° to -65°	6,000	G	E	G	304 SS *301 SS *316 SS *Elgiloy® *Hastelloy® C276
	400A Standard Heel w/ Back-Up Rod/Shaft Piston	+600° to -85°	+316° to -65°	10,000 (Specials up to 50,000 psi)	G	E	F	304 SS *301 SS *316 SS *Elgiloy® *Hastelloy® C276
	400A Flanged Heel Rod/Shaft Piston	+575° to -320°	+301° to -196°	3,000	G	E	E	304 SS *301 SS *316 SS *Elgiloy® *Hastelloy® C276
103A Series 	Rod/Shaft Piston Face Flanged	+575° to -320°	+301° to -196°	Standard = 3,000 Flanged = 3,000 Extended = 6,000 Back-Up = 10,000	E	F	P	17-7 PH SS *304 SS *316 SS *Elgiloy® *Hastelloy® C276
Spring Ring II Series 	Rod/Shaft Piston Flanged	+550° to -65°	+288° to -54°	Standard = 3,000 Flanged = 3,000 Extended = 6,000 Back-Up = 10,000	F	G	G	301 SS *316 SS
APS Series 	Rod/Shaft Piston Face Flanged	+475° to -65°	+246° to -54°	Standard = 3,000 Flanged = 3,000 Extended = 6,000 Back-Up = 10,000	F	E	E	302 SS *316 SS *Hastelloy® C276
RP II Series 	Rod/Shaft Piston Flanged	+600° to -65°	+316° to -54°	Standard = 3,000 Flanged = 3,000 Extended = 6,000 Back-Up = 10,000	G	E	F	301 SS *302 SS *304 SS *316 SS
RACO™ 1100 Series 	Face	+550° to -425°	+288° to -254°	Standard = 3,000 Extended = 6,000 Back-Up = 10,000	E	P	F	301 SS *Inconel® 718

P: Poor F: Fair G: Good E: Excellent  
 \*Optional. Consult factory or contact technical support.





# Seal Selection Guide

Diameters Min-Max (inches)	Cross Sections (inch nom)	Standard Gland Sizes	Friction Rating	Recommended Applications	Page Locator
Rod Seals .185 - 60+ Piston Seals .297 - 60+	1/16 to 1/4**	AS 4716 Industrial MIL-G-5514	Low Moderate	General purpose design for most applications. Best suited for dynamic rod and piston seals when pressure is under 3,000 PSI. Scraper designs can be used as wiper seals or in abrasive medias. Silicone filled spring cavities are available for food processing and clean-in-place applications.	36
Rod Seals .185 - 60+ Piston Seals .297 - 60+	1/16 to 1/4**	AS 4716 Industrial MIL-G-5514	Low Moderate	Best suited for dynamic rod and piston seals when pressure is under 6,000 PSI or when hardware extrusion gaps combined with high temperature are present. The extra material helps prevent seal failure by filling in the extrusion gap similar to a back-up ring.	36
Rod Seals .185 - 60+ Piston Seals .297 - 60+	1/16 to 1/4**	AS 4716 Industrial MIL-G-5514	Low Moderate	Best suited for dynamic rod and piston seals when pressure exceeds 6,000 PSI and excessive hardware extrusion gaps with high temperatures are present. A high modulus material like Meldin® 5301 is recommended for the back-up ring to reduce the gap and prevent seal extrusion.	36
Rod Seals .185 - 60+ Piston Seals .297 - 60+	1/16 to 1/4**	AS 4716 Industrial MIL-G-5514	Low Moderate	Designed for rotary shaft applications at less than 500 SFPM. The flange is an anti-rotation device when locked into the mating hardware. Also used as a cryogenic seal in applications such as quick disconnect couplings used in liquid oxygen and nitrogen. The flange prevents shrinkage.	36
Rod Seals .076 - 60+ Piston Seals .190 - 60+	1/16 to 1/2**	AS 4716 Industrial MIL-G-5514	Moderate High	Generally used for static applications when positive sealing is most critical. Best suited for use in sealing light gases and vacuum. Can be used in slow dynamic situations when friction is less of a concern. Also used as a cryogenic seal in applications such as quick disconnect couplings used in liquid oxygen and nitrogen.	37
Rod Seals .108 - .873 Piston Seals .221 - 1.116	1/16 to 1/8	-005 to -212 AS 4716 Industrial MIL-G-5514	Low Moderate	Similar in design to the 400A listed above and intended for high volume, less critical applications. Available in fixed cross section sizes for diameters less than 1". Only available with 301 or 316 stainless steel springs. Custom sizes are available with a nominal setup cost.	38
Rod Seals .032 - 16 Piston Seals .094 - 16	1/16 to 1/4 (1/32" available)	AS 4716 Industrial MIL-G-5514	Low Moderate	The near constant spring force Advanced Pitch Spring design is best suited for applications where consistent friction is important. Best when used for small diameters in rotary and reciprocating rod and piston applications at temps under 475°F (246°C). Optional spring loads available.	39
Rod Seals .250 - 60 Piston Seals .427 - 60	3/32 to 1/4**	AS 4716 Industrial MIL-G-5514	Moderate	Flexible overlapped spring designed for use in static slow dynamic applications when excessive hardware tolerances exist. Spring design affords maximum spring deflection. Recommended for use in viscous applications, such as injection molding and liquid filling equipment.	40
.750 - 60+	3/32 to 1/4**	Industrial	High	High load spring designed for static internal and external pressure face seal applications. Excellent sealing in light gasses, vacuum and cryogenics. Also used in slow dynamic face seal applications such as swivel joints and marine loading arms.	41

\*\*Special cross-sections seals up to 1" are available.

## How to Order Our Standard OmniSeal® Products

### Radial Seal (MIL-G-5514 and Industrial Glands) and Face Seal

Example: 230-210-A01-09

#### Seal Design

400A (see page 36)  
103A (see page 37)  
Spring Ring II (see page 38)  
APS (see page 39)  
RP II (see page 40)  
RACO™ 1100A (see page 41)

#### Seal Size

Radial Seal (see page 47-51)  
Face Seal (Inside) (see page 52-54)  
Face Seal (Outside) (see page 55-57)

#### Jacket Material

(see pages 8-10)

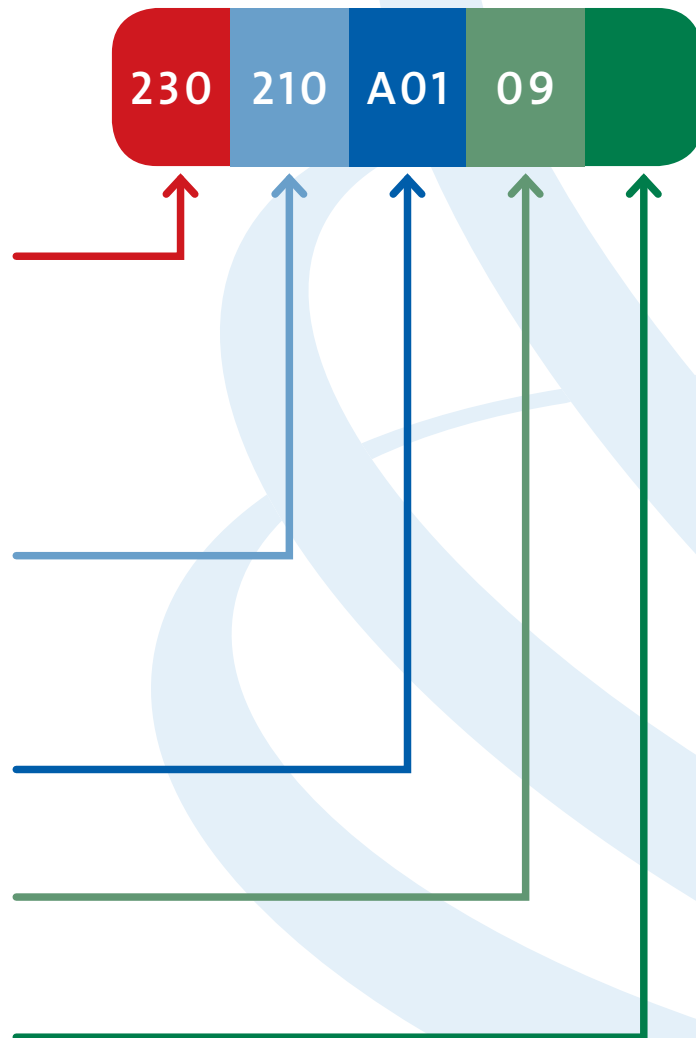
#### Energizer Material

(see page 14)

#### Spring Load\* (for APS Seal Type Only)

L - Low  
M - Medium  
H - High

\*Default Spring Load is Medium



# How to Order Our Standard OmniSeal® Products

## Radial Seal (AS4716 Glands)

Example: 260-R-210-A01-09

### Seal Design

400A (see page 36)  
103A (see page 37)  
Spring Ring II (see page 38)  
APS (see page 39)  
RP II (see page 40)  
RACO™ 1100A (see page 41)

### Rod or Piston Seal

R - Rod  
P - Piston

### Seal Size

(see page 44-46)

### Jacket Material

(see pages 8-10)

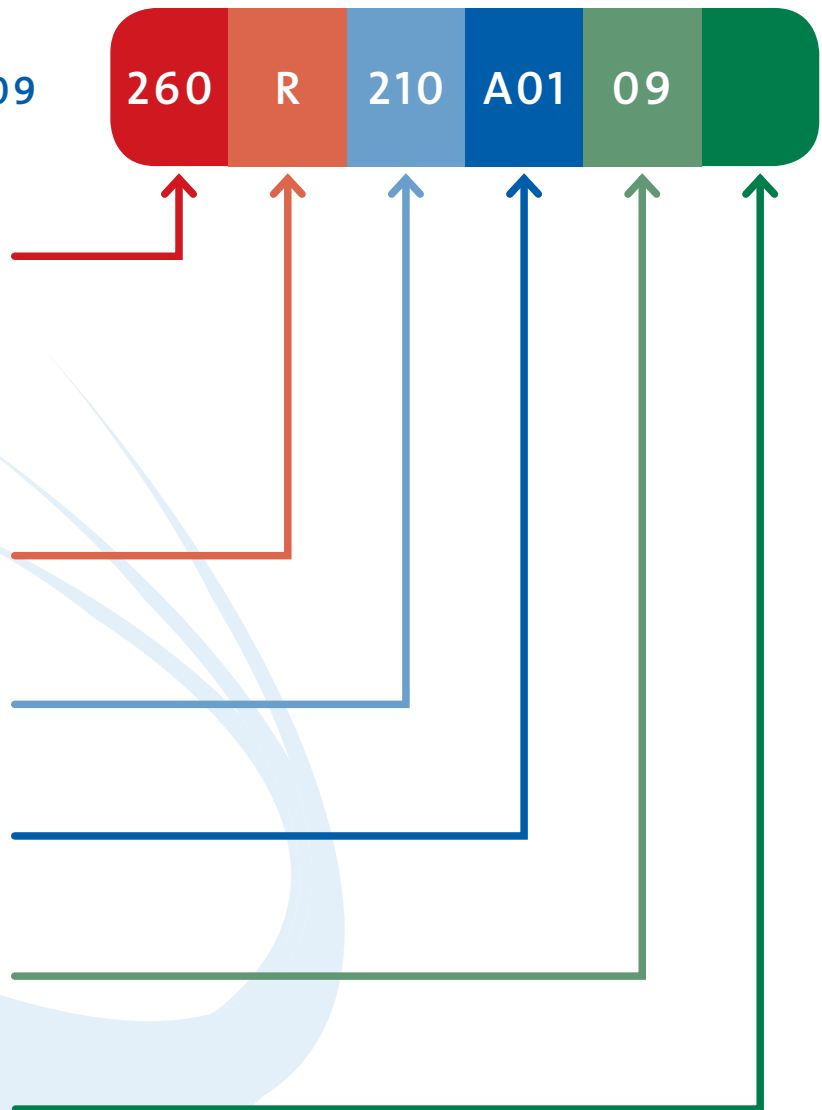
### Energizer Material

(see page 14)

### Spring Load\* (for APS Seal Type Only)

L - Low  
M - Medium  
H - High

\*Default Spring Load is Medium



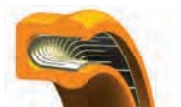

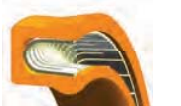


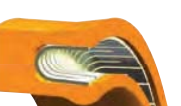
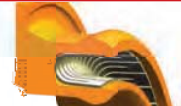

## Features

- › Cantilevered finger spring design
- › Low spring loading
- › Standard spring force can be tailored to higher and lower loads
- › Available in standard heel, extended heel and flanged heel designs
- › Available to fit in all aerospace, military and industrial gland sizes
- › Available in larger cross sections up to 3/4"

## Benefits

- › Provides more dynamic run-out
- › Accommodates wider gland tolerances
- › Provides very low friction
- › High- and low-pressure sealing
- › Excellent in rotary speeds from slow to moderate
- › Low hardware clamping force required
- › High-temperature sealing
- › Excellent in rotary face seal applications

## Radial Seal

	Standard Lip			Skived I.D. Lip			Skived O.D. Lip		
Standard Heel G Width									
Seal Design	AS 260	MIL 220	IND 240	AS 261	MIL 221	IND 241	AS 262	MIL 222	IND 242
Extended Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width									
Seal Design	AS 263	MIL 223	IND 243	AS 264	MIL 224	IND 244	AS 265	MIL 225	IND 245
Flanged Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width									
Seal Design	AS 266	MIL 226	IND 246	AS 267	MIL 227	IND 247			

NOTE: Complete rod and piston radial seal gland dimensional data for AS4716, MIL-G-5514 and industrial glands 1/16" - 1/4" cross sections available on pages 44 through 57.

## Face Seal

	Inside Face Seal (Internally Pressurized)	Outside Face Seal (Externally Pressurized)
		
Seal Design	228	229

NOTE: Complete face seal dimensional data for 1/16" - 1/4" cross sections available on pages 44 through 57.





# OmniSeal® 103A

## Radial Seal

	Standard Lip			Skived I.D. Lip			Skived O.D. Lip		
Standard Heel G Width									
Seal Design	AS 160	MIL 230	IND 250	AS 161	MIL 231	IND 251	AS 162	MIL 232	IND 252
Extended Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width									
Seal Design	AS 163	MIL 233	IND 253	AS 164	MIL 234	IND 254	AS 165	MIL 235	IND 255
Flanged Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width									
Seal Design	AS 166	MIL 236	IND 256	AS 167	MIL 237	IND 257			

NOTE: Complete rod and piston radial seal gland dimensional data for AS4716, MIL-G-5514 and industrial glands 1/16" - 1/4" cross sections available on pages 44 through 57.

## Face Seal

	Inside Face Seal (Internally Pressurized)	Outside Face Seal (Externally Pressurized)
Seal Design	238	239

NOTE: Complete face seal dimensional data for 1/16" - 1/4" cross sections available on pages 44 through 57.

## Features

- › Helical wound flat spring design
- › High spring load with small deflection range
- › Standard spring force can be tailored to higher and lower loads
- › Available in standard heel, extended heel and flanged heel designs
- › Available to fit in all aerospace, military and industrial gland sizes

## Benefits

- › Excellent for static, intermittent and slower dynamic applications
- › Better sealing of light liquids and gases
- › Excellent in static face sealing
- › Excellent for applications that require extremely low leak rate
- › Easily installed in closed grooves





## OmniSeal® Spring Ring II (SR II)

### Features

- › Cantilevered finger spring design
- › No weld line in the spring
- › Special type of OmniSeal® 400A
- › Available in select sizes only (1/8" to 7/8" I.D. and nominal cross section of 1/16", 3/32" and 1/8")

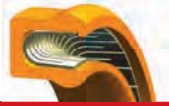

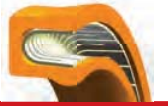


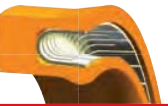


### Benefits

- › Provides more dynamic run-out
- › Accommodates wider gland tolerances
- › Provides low friction
- › High- and low-pressure sealing
- › Low hardware clamping force

### Special Designs

The Spring Ring II can be modified to meet particular requirements. The example shown to the right with flange on the I.D. is used to prevent seal rotation on a piston application. This design can also be applied to OmniSeal® APS, 400A, 103A and RP II jacket designs.

### Radial Seal









	Standard Lip			Skived I.D. Lip			Skived O.D. Lip		
Standard Heel G Width									
Seal Design	AS 060	MIL 010	IND 080	AS 061	MIL 011	IND 081	AS 062	MIL 012	IND 082
Extended Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width									
Seal Design	AS 063	MIL 013	IND 083	AS 064	MIL 014	IND 084	AS 065	MIL 015	IND 085
Flanged Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width									
Seal Design	AS 066	MIL 016	IND 086	AS 067	MIL 017	IND 087			

NOTE: Complete rod and piston radial seal gland dimensional data for AS4716, MIL-G-5514 and industrial glands 1/16" - 1/4" cross sections available on pages 44 through 57.



# OmniSeal® APS

## Radial Seal

	Standard Lip			Skived I.D. Lip			Skived O.D. Lip		
Standard Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width									
Seal Design	AS 760	MIL 730	IND 750	AS 761	MIL 731	IND 751	AS 762	MIL 732	IND 752
Extended Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width									
Seal Design	AS 763	MIL 733	IND 753	AS 764	MIL 734	IND 754	AS 765	MIL 735	IND 755
Flanged Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width									
Seal Design	AS 766	MIL 736	IND 756	AS 767	MIL 737	IND 757			

NOTE: Complete rod and piston radial seal gland dimensional data for AS4716, MIL-G-5514 and industrial glands 1/16" - 1/4" cross sections available on pages 44 through 57.

## Face Seal

	Inside Face Seal (Internally Pressurized)	Outside Face Seal (Externally Pressurized)
		
Seal Design	738	739

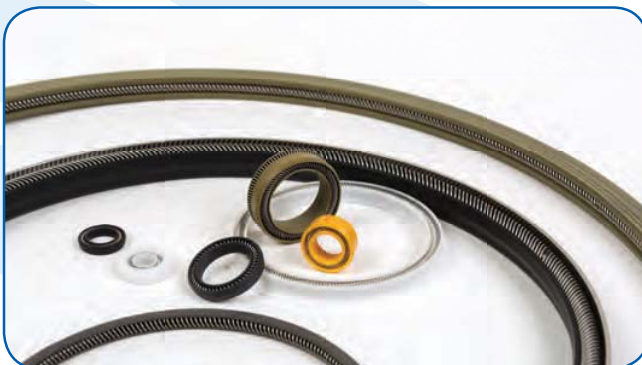
NOTE: Complete face seal dimensional data for 1/16" - 1/4" cross sections available on pages 44 through 57.

## Features

- › Coiled wire spring design
- › Very low spring loading
- › Very low stress on spring
- › Constant spring loading over a wide range of deflection
- › The standard spring load can be increased or decreased

## Benefits

- › Permits large wear allowance in the seal jacket
- › Great in small diameter and smaller cross section sealing housing
- › Can be installed in closed glands without damaging the seal
- › Very good for applications that require low friction in dynamic condition



## Features

- › Wrapped and formed ribbon spring
- › Very high spring loading
- › Most resilient spring
- › Only available in radial type seal design
- › The standard spring load can be increased or decreased

## Benefits

- › Rugged, durable seal ideal for the most severe mechanical conditions where other seals fail

## Radial Seal

	Standard Lip		
Standard Heel G Width			
Seal Design	AS 360	MIL 320	IND 340
Extended Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width			
Seal Design	AS 363	MIL 323	IND 343
Flanged Heel G <sub>1</sub> Width			
Seal Design	AS 366	MIL 326	IND 346



NOTE: Complete rod and piston radial seal gland dimensional data for AS4716, MIL-G-5514 and industrial glands 1/16" - 1/4" cross sections available on pages 44 through 57.





# OmniSeal® RACO™ 1100A

## Face Seal

	Inside Face Seal (Internally Pressurized)	Outside Face Seal (Externally Pressurized)
Standard Heel G Width		
Seal Design	348	349

NOTE: Complete face seal gland dimensional data for 1/16" to 1/4" cross sections available on pages 44 through 57.

## Features

- › Heavy duty, high load RACO™ spring design
- › Available in large cross sections and diameters

## Benefits

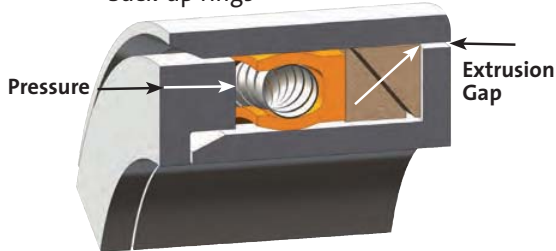
- › Continuous spring contact along the entire sealing lip
- › Excellent in extreme static sealing conditions, involving cryogenic fluids, ultra high vacuum and light gases
- › Withstands high torque and clamping force
- › Resists permanent set
- › Excellent in marine loading arms



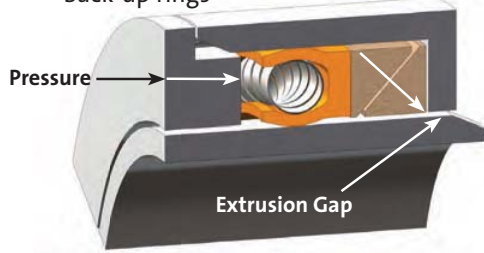


## Our OmniSeal® Back-up Rings

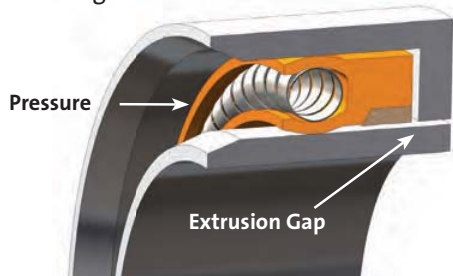
**Figure 1 - Piston seal installation with dual back-up rings**



**Figure 2 - Rod seal installation with dual back-up rings**



**Figure 3 - High modulus anti-extrusion/wear ring**



**Figure 4 - L-Shaped back-up ring**



OmniSeal® back-up rings help to prevent seal extrusion at high temperature and pressure. Extrusion is a function of:

- › The size of extrusion gap
- › Temperature
- › Pressure
- › Surface speed (in reciprocating applications)

When under pressure, PTFE material in the seal tends to flow into the extrusion gap. Dynamic reciprocating movements increase extrusion. Under static conditions and when pressure, temperature and the extrusion gap are below certain limits, extrusion will stop as soon as the pressure created by friction in the extrusion gap equals the system pressure. Cyclic conditions can cause extrusion to continue and result in premature failure of the seal. Our back-up rings are specially designed to work in high-pressure and high-temperature applications with the radial OmniSeal® seals. They should also be considered for use in high-pressure and high-speed applications.

### Rectangular Back-up Ring

In most applications with lower pressure and temperatures below 475°F (246°C), a rectangular back-up ring will secure the seal from extrusion. These back-up rings are machined to fit securely in the radial groove width. The selected material should be a compound with a higher extrusion resistance than the seal material. (See page 43.)

### Triangular Back-up Ring

In applications where high temperature precedes high pressure, a triangular back-up ring is recommended. (See page 43.)

### Double Triangular Back-up Ring

For extreme high pressure and temperature combinations, a set of two triangular back-up rings is recommended. This configuration is often used when the radial groove dimension changes as a result of system pressure. (See Figures 1 and 2.)

### Special Design Back-up Rings

The metallic anti-extrusion/wear ring is a special type of back-up ring used in extremely high pressure applications. The L-shaped back-up ring is used to prevent extrusion in extreme high-pressure and high-temperature combinations. It is capable of securing PTFE seals up to 575°F (302°C) and pressures up to 2,900 PSI (20 MPa), with very large extrusion gaps. (See Figures 3 and 4.)



# How to Order Our Back-Up Ring Products

Example: 035-001-22

## Ring/Gland Type

(see below)

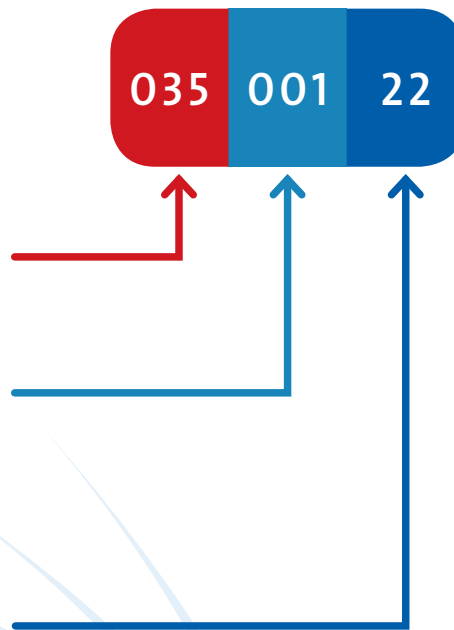
## Dash No.

Shaft/Bore size (see pages 44-57)




Back-up rings are recommended for use with Standard Heel OmniSeal® seals when the gland width =  $G_2$

## Material Code

(see page 8-10)



## Back-up Ring/Gland Type

Gland	Back-up Ring		
			
MIL-G-5514	035	036	037
Industrial	055	056	057
AS4716	175	176	177

## Back-up Ring Materials

The back-up ring should consist of a harder material than the seal material. A high filled PTFE compound, or a high modulus plastic such as Meldin® 5301 is recommended. Polymeric materials such as filled PTFE, PEEK and reinforced PEEK prevent the softer seal material from extruding in the gap between adjacent hardware.

# Radial Seal Gland Dimensions AS4716

## 1/16" Cross Section

For Dash No. 004 – 009

G = 0.098/0.103

G<sub>1</sub> = 0.154/0.164

G<sub>2</sub> = 0.210/0.220

For Dash No. 010 – 028

G = 0.094/0.099

G<sub>1</sub> = 0.150/0.160

G<sub>2</sub> = 0.207/0.217

Dash No.	Piston Seal		Rod Seal		AP5	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Cylinder Bore Dia.	F Piston Groove Dia.	E Groove Dia.	B Rod Dia.						
	Tol. +0.001 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.001	Tol. +0.001 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.001						
004	0.190	0.076	0.190	0.076	•	•	•	•	•	•
005	0.221	0.115	0.217	0.108	•	•	•	•	•	•
006	0.235	0.129	0.232	0.123	•	•	•	•	•	•
007	0.266	0.158	0.264	0.154	•	•	•	•	•	•
008	0.297	0.189	0.294	0.185	•	•	•	•	•	•
009	0.329	0.220	0.327	0.217	•	•	•	•	•	•
010	0.360	0.250	0.359	0.248	•	•	•	•	•	•
011	0.422	0.312	0.421	0.310	•	•	•	•	•	•
012	0.485	0.375	0.484	0.373	•	•	•	•	•	•
013	0.550	0.441	0.545	0.435	•	•	•	•	•	•
014	0.613	0.504	0.608	0.498	•	•	•	•	•	•
015	0.675	0.566	0.670	0.560	•	•	•	•	•	•
016	0.738	0.629	0.733	0.623	•	•	•	•	•	•
017	0.800	0.691	0.795	0.685	•	•	•	•	•	•
018	0.863	0.753	0.858	0.748	•	•	•	•	•	•
019	0.925	0.815	0.920	0.810	•	•	•	•	•	•
020	0.991	0.881	0.983	0.873	•	•	•	•	•	•
021	1.053	0.943	1.045	0.935	•	•	•	•	•	•
022	1.116	1.006	1.108	0.998	•	•	•	•	•	•
023	1.178	1.068	1.170	1.060	•	•	•	•	•	•
024	1.241	1.131	1.233	1.123	•	•	•	•	•	•
025	1.303	1.193	1.295	1.185	•	•	•	•	•	•
026	1.366	1.256	1.358	1.248	•	•	•	•	•	•
027	1.428	1.318	1.420	1.310	•	•	•	•	•	•
028	1.491	1.381	1.483	1.373	•	•	•	•	•	•

• Indicates availability

### NOTE:

Aerospace Standard AS4716 gland dimensions are designed for elastomeric seal glands for static and dynamic applications. They are closed one-piece grooves that will not provide the necessary access for most radial OmniSeal® seals. The information on these pages conforms to the specification for dimensioning purposes only. Gland design information for OmniSeal® seals can be found on pages 20 and 21.

G: Gland width for standard heel OmniSeal®

G<sub>1</sub>: Gland width for extended heel and flanged heel OmniSeal®

G<sub>2</sub>: Gland width for standard heel OmniSeal® plus back-up ring

## 3/32" Cross Section

G = 0.141/0.151

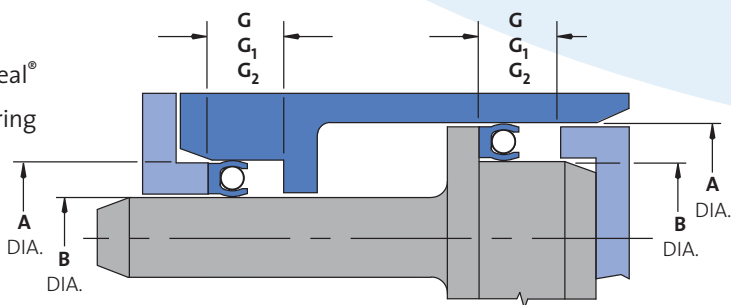
G<sub>1</sub> = 0.183/0.193

G<sub>2</sub> = 0.245/0.255

Dash No.	Piston Seal		Rod Seal		AP5	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Cylinder Bore Dia.	F Piston Groove Dia.	E Groove Dia.	B Rod Dia.						
	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002						
110	0.550	0.379	0.546	0.373	•	•	•	•	•	•
111	0.613	0.441	0.609	0.435	•	•	•	•	•	•
112	0.675	0.502	0.672	0.498	•	•	•	•	•	•
113	0.738	0.565	0.734	0.560	•	•	•	•	•	•
114	0.800	0.627	0.797	0.623	•	•	•	•	•	•
115	0.863	0.689	0.859	0.685	•	•	•	•	•	•
116	0.925	0.751	0.923	0.748	•	•	•	•	•	•
117	0.991	0.817	0.985	0.810	•	•	•	•	•	•
118	1.053	0.879	1.048	0.873	•	•	•	•	•	•
119	1.116	0.942	1.110	0.935	•	•	•	•	•	•
120	1.178	1.003	1.173	0.998	•	•	•	•	•	•
121	1.241	1.066	1.235	1.060	•	•	•	•	•	•
122	1.303	1.128	1.298	1.123	•	•	•	•	•	•
123	1.366	1.191	1.360	1.185	•	•	•	•	•	•
124	1.428	1.253	1.423	1.248	•	•	•	•	•	•
125	1.491	1.316	1.485	1.310	•	•	•	•	•	•
126	1.553	1.378	1.548	1.373	•	•	•	•	•	•
127	1.616	1.441	1.610	1.435	•	•	•	•	•	•
128	1.678	1.503	1.673	1.498	•	•	•	•	•	•
129	1.741	1.566	1.735	1.560	•	•	•	•	•	•
130	1.805	1.631	1.798	1.623	•	•	•	•	•	•
131	1.867	1.693	1.860	1.685	•	•	•	•	•	•
132	1.930	1.756	1.923	1.748	•	•	•	•	•	•
133	1.992	1.818	1.984	1.810	•	•	•	•	•	•
134	2.005	1.881	2.047	1.873	•	•	•	•	•	•
135	2.118	1.944	2.110	1.936	•	•	•	•	•	•
136	2.180	2.006	2.172	1.998	•	•	•	•	•	•
137	2.243	2.069	2.235	2.061	•	•	•	•	•	•
138	2.305	2.131	2.297	2.123	•	•	•	•	•	•
139	2.368	2.194	2.360	2.186	•	•	•	•	•	•
140	2.430	2.256	2.422	2.248	•	•	•	•	•	•
141	2.493	2.319	2.485	2.311	•	•	•	•	•	•
142	2.555	2.381	2.547	2.373	•	•	•	•	•	•

### Rod Seal Gland

### Piston Seal Gland



# Radial Seal Gland Dimensions AS4716

## 3/32" Cross Section

G = 0.141/0.151      G<sub>1</sub> = 0.183/0.193      G<sub>2</sub> = 0.245/0.255

Dash No.	Piston Seal		Rod Seal		AP5	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Cylinder Bore Dia.	F Piston Groove Dia.	E Groove Dia.	B Rod Dia.						
	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002						
143	2.618	2.444	2.610	2.436	•	•	•	•	•	•
144	2.680	2.506	2.672	2.498	•	•	•	•	•	•
145	2.743	2.569	2.735	2.561	•	•	•	•	•	•
146	2.805	2.631	2.797	2.623	•	•	•	•	•	•
147	2.868	2.694	2.860	2.686	•	•	•	•	•	•
148	2.930	2.756	2.922	2.748	•	•	•	•	•	•
149	2.993	2.819	2.985	2.811	•	•	•	•	•	•

## 1/8" Cross Section

G = 0.188/0.198      G<sub>1</sub> = 0.235/0.245      G<sub>2</sub> = 0.304/0.314

Dash No.	Piston Seal		Rod Seal		AP5	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Cylinder Bore Dia.	F Piston Groove Dia.	E Groove Dia.	B Rod Dia.						
	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002						
238	3.743	3.501	3.739	3.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
239	3.868	3.626	3.864	3.622	•	•	•	•	•	•
240	3.993	3.751	3.989	3.747	•	•	•	•	•	•
241	4.118	3.876	4.114	3.872	•	•	•	•	•	•
242	4.243	4.001	4.239	3.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
243	4.368	4.126	4.364	4.122	•	•	•	•	•	•
244	4.493	4.251	4.489	4.247	•	•	•	•	•	•
245	4.618	4.376	4.614	4.372	•	•	•	•	•	•
246	4.743	4.501	4.739	4.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
247	4.868	4.626	4.864	4.622	•	•	•	•	•	•

## 1/8" Cross Section

G = 0.188/0.198      G<sub>1</sub> = 0.235/0.245      G<sub>2</sub> = 0.304/0.314

Dash No.	Piston Seal		Rod Seal		AP5	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Cylinder Bore Dia.	F Piston Groove Dia.	E Groove Dia.	B Rod Dia.						
	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002						
210	0.991	0.750	0.989	0.748	•	•	•	•	•	•
211	1.053	0.812	1.051	0.810	•	•	•	•	•	•
212	1.116	0.874	1.115	0.873	•	•	•	•	•	•
213	1.178	0.936	1.177	0.935	•	•	•	•	•	•
214	1.241	0.999	1.240	0.998	•	•	•	•	•	•
215	1.303	1.061	1.302	1.060	•	•	•	•	•	•
216	1.366	1.124	1.365	1.123	•	•	•	•	•	•
217	1.428	1.186	1.427	1.185	•	•	•	•	•	•
218	1.491	1.249	1.490	1.248	•	•	•	•	•	•
219	1.553	1.311	1.552	1.310	•	•	•	•	•	•
220	1.616	1.374	1.615	1.373	•	•	•	•	•	•
221	1.678	1.436	1.677	1.435	•	•	•	•	•	•
222	1.741	1.499	1.740	1.498	•	•	•	•	•	•
223	1.867	1.625	1.865	1.623	•	•	•	•	•	•
224	1.992	1.750	1.990	1.748	•	•	•	•	•	•
225	2.118	1.876	2.115	1.873	•	•	•	•	•	•
226	2.243	2.001	2.240	1.998	•	•	•	•	•	•
227	2.368	2.126	2.365	2.123	•	•	•	•	•	•
228	2.493	2.251	2.490	2.248	•	•	•	•	•	•
229	2.618	2.376	2.615	2.373	•	•	•	•	•	•
230	2.743	2.501	2.740	2.498	•	•	•	•	•	•
231	2.868	2.626	2.865	2.623	•	•	•	•	•	•
232	2.993	2.751	2.990	2.748	•	•	•	•	•	•
233	3.118	2.876	3.115	2.873	•	•	•	•	•	•
234	3.243	3.001	3.239	2.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
235	3.368	3.126	3.364	3.122	•	•	•	•	•	•
236	3.493	3.251	3.489	3.247	•	•	•	•	•	•
237	3.618	3.376	3.614	3.372	•	•	•	•	•	•

## 3/16" Cross Section

G = 0.281/0.291      G<sub>1</sub> = 0.334/0.344      G<sub>2</sub> = 0.424/0.434

Dash No.	Piston Seal		Rod Seal		AP5	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Cylinder Bore Dia.	F Piston Groove Dia.	E Groove Dia.	B Rod Dia.						
	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002	Tol. +0.002 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.002						
325	1.867	1.495	1.870	1.498	•	•	•	•	•	•
326	1.992	1.620	1.995	1.623	•	•	•	•	•	•
327	2.118	1.746	2.120	1.748	•	•	•	•	•	•
328	2.243	1.871	2.245	1.873	•	•	•	•	•	•
329	2.368	1.996	2.370	1.998	•	•	•	•	•	•
330	2.493	2.121	2.495	2.123	•	•	•	•	•	•
331	2.618	2.246	2.620	2.248	•	•	•	•	•	•
332	2.743	2.371	2.745	2.373	•	•	•	•	•	•
333	2.868	2.496	2.870	2.498	•	•	•	•	•	•
334	2.993	2.621	2.995	2.623	•	•	•	•	•	•
335	3.118	2.746	3.120	2.748	•	•	•	•	•	•
336	3.243	2.871	3.245	2.873	•	•	•	•	•	•
337	3.368	2.996	3.369	2.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
338	3.493	3.121	3.494	3.122	•	•	•	•	•	•
339	3.618	3.246	3.619	3.247	•	•	•	•	•	•
340	3.743	3.371	3.744	3.372	•	•	•	•	•	•
341	3.868	3.496	3.869	3.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
342	3.993	3.621	3.994	3.622	•	•	•	•	•	•
343	4.118	3.746	4.119	3.747	•	•	•	•	•	•
344	4.243	3.871	4.244	3.872	•	•	•	•	•	•
345	4.368	3.996	4.369	3.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
346	4.493	4.121	4.494	4.122	•	•	•	•	•	•
347	4.618	4.246	4.619	4.247	•	•	•	•	•	•
348	4.743	4.371	4.744	4.372	•	•	•	•	•	•
349	4.868	4.496	4.869	4.497	•	•	•	•	•	•



# Radial Seal Gland Dimensions AS4716

## 1/4" Cross Section

G = 0.375/0.385      G<sub>1</sub> = 0.475/0.485      G<sub>2</sub> = 0.579/0.589

Dash No.	Piston Seal		Rod Seal		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Cylinder Bore Dia.	F Piston Groove Dia.	E Groove Dia.	B Rod Dia.						
	Tol. +0.003 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.003	Tol. +0.003 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.003						
425	4.974	4.497	4.974	4.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
426	5.099	4.622	5.099	4.622	•	•	•	•	•	•
427	5.224	4.747	5.224	4.747	•	•	•	•	•	•
428	5.349	4.872	5.349	4.872	•	•	•	•	•	•
429	5.474	4.997	5.474	4.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
430	5.599	5.122	5.599	5.122	•	•	•	•	•	•
431	5.724	5.247	5.724	5.247	•	•	•	•	•	•
432	5.849	5.372	5.849	5.372	•	•	•	•	•	•
433	5.974	5.497	5.974	5.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
434	6.099	5.622	6.099	5.622	•	•	•	•	•	•
435	6.224	5.747	6.224	5.747	•	•	•	•	•	•
436	6.349	5.872	6.349	5.872	•	•	•	•	•	•
437	6.474	5.997	6.474	5.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
438	6.724	6.247	6.724	6.247	•	•	•	•	•	•
439	6.974	6.497	6.974	6.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
440	7.224	6.747	7.224	6.747	•	•	•	•	•	•
441	7.474	6.997	7.474	6.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
442	7.724	7.247	7.724	7.247	•	•	•	•	•	•
443	7.974	7.497	7.974	7.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
444	8.224	7.747	8.224	7.747	•	•	•	•	•	•
445	8.474	7.997	8.474	7.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
446	8.974	8.497	8.974	8.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Tol. +0.004 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.003	Tol. +0.004 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.003						
447	9.474	8.997	9.474	8.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
448	9.974	9.497	9.974	9.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
449	10.474	9.997	10.474	9.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
450	10.974	10.497	10.974	10.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
451	11.474	10.997	11.474	10.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
452	11.974	11.497	11.974	11.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
453	12.474	11.997	12.474	11.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
454	12.974	12.497	12.974	12.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
455	13.474	12.997	13.474	12.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
456	13.974	13.497	13.974	13.497	•	•	•	•	•	•

## 1/4" Cross Section

G = 0.375/0.385      G<sub>1</sub> = 0.475/0.485      G<sub>2</sub> = 0.579/0.589

Dash No.	Piston Seal		Rod Seal		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Cylinder Bore Dia.	F Piston Groove Dia.	E Groove Dia.	B Rod Dia.						
	Tol. +0.004 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.003	Tol. +0.004 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.003						
457	14.474	13.997	14.474	13.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
458	14.974	14.497	14.974	14.497	•	•	•	•	•	•
459	15.474	14.997	15.474	14.997	•	•	•	•	•	•
460	15.974	15.497	15.974	15.497	•	•	•	•	•	•



# Radial Seal Gland Dimensions MIL-G-5514 and Industrial

## 1/16" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.094/0.104		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.149/0.159		G <sub>2</sub> = 0.207/0.217			
	MIL-G-5514		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Dia.	B Dia.						
	Tol +0.000 -0.001	Tol +0.000 -0.001						
001	0.095	0.033						•
002	0.128	0.048						•
003	0.159	0.063						•
004	0.190	0.076	•			•		•
005	0.221	0.108	•	•		•		•
006	0.235	0.123	•	•	•	•		•
007	0.266	0.154	•	•	•	•		•
008	0.297	0.185	•	•	•	•		•
009	0.329	0.217	•	•	•	•		•
010	0.360	0.248	•	•	•	•		•
011	0.422	0.310	•	•	•	•		•
012	0.485	0.373	•	•	•	•		•
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002						Tol +0.002 -0.000
013	0.550	0.438	•	•	•	•		•
014	0.613	0.501	•	•	•	•		•
015	0.675	0.563	•	•	•	•		•
016	0.738	0.626	•	•	•	•		•
017	0.800	0.688	•	•	•	•		•
018	0.863	0.751	•	•	•	•		•
019	0.925	0.813	•	•	•	•		•
020	0.993	0.881	•	•	•	•		•
021	1.055	0.943	•	•	•	•		•
022	1.118	1.006	•	•	•	•		•
023	1.180	1.068	•	•	•	•		•
024	1.243	1.131	•	•	•	•		•
025	1.305	1.193	•	•	•	•		•
026	1.368	1.256	•	•	•	•		•
027	1.430	1.318	•	•	•	•		•
028	1.493	1.381	•	•	•	•		•
029	1.617	1.505	•	•	•	•		•
030	1.739	1.627	•	•	•	•		•
031	1.864	1.752	•	•	•	•		•
032	1.989	1.877	•	•	•	•		•

• Indicates availability

G: Gland width for standard heel OmniSeal®

G<sub>1</sub>: Gland width for extended heel and flanged heel OmniSeal®

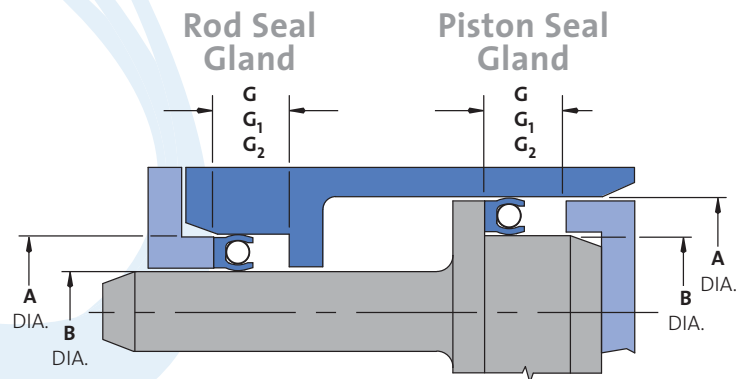
G<sub>2</sub>: Gland width for standard heel OmniSeal® plus back-up ring

## 1/16" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.094/0.104		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.149/0.159		G <sub>2</sub> = 0.207/0.217			
	MIL-G-5514		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Dia.	B Dia.						
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002						
033	2.114	2.002	•		•	•		•
034	2.239	2.127	•		•	•		•
035	2.364	2.252	•		•	•		•
036	2.489	2.377	•		•	•		•
037	2.614	2.502	•		•	•		•
038	2.739	2.627	•		•	•		•
039	2.864	2.752	•		•	•		•
040	2.987	2.875	•		•	•		•
041	3.112	3.000	•		•	•		•
042	3.362	3.250	•		•	•		•
043	3.612	3.500	•		•	•		•
044	3.862	3.750	•		•	•		•
045	4.112	4.000	•		•	•		•

### NOTE:

1. If space permits, use the larger cross sections listed in these tables.
2. Diameters between those listed and diameters larger than those listed are available on request.
3. In-between cross sections and larger cross sections are available.
4. Metric sizes are also available.





# Radial Seal Gland Dimensions MIL-G-5514 and Industrial

## 3/32" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.141/0.151		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.183/0.193						G <sub>2</sub> = 0.245/0.255	
	MIL-G-5514		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings	Industrial	
	A Dia.	B Dia.							A Dia.	B Dia.
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002							Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002
106	0.302	0.124	•	•		•		•	0.312	0.125
107	0.364	0.186	•	•		•	•	•	0.375	0.187
108	0.427	0.249	•	•		•	•	•	0.437	0.250
109	0.489	0.311	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.500	0.312
110	0.551	0.373	•	•		•	•	•	0.562	0.375
111	0.613	0.435	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.625	0.437
112	0.676	0.498	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.687	0.500
113	0.738	0.560	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.750	0.562
114	0.801	0.623	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.812	0.625
115	0.863	0.685	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.875	0.687
116	0.926	0.748	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.937	0.750
117	0.993	0.815	•		•	•	•	•	1.000	0.812
118	1.056	0.878	•		•	•	•	•	1.062	0.875
119	1.118	0.940	•		•	•	•	•	1.125	0.937
120	1.181	1.003	•		•	•	•	•	1.187	1.000
121	1.243	1.065	•		•	•	•	•	1.250	1.062
122	1.306	1.128	•		•	•	•	•	1.312	1.125
123	1.368	1.190	•		•	•	•	•	1.375	1.187
124	1.431	1.253	•		•	•	•	•	1.437	1.250
125	1.493	1.315	•		•	•	•	•	1.500	1.312
126	1.558	1.380	•		•	•	•	•	1.562	1.375
127	1.620	1.442	•		•	•	•	•	1.625	1.437
128	1.683	1.505	•		•	•	•	•	1.687	1.500
129	1.742	1.564	•		•	•	•	•	1.750	1.562
130	1.805	1.627	•		•	•	•	•	1.812	1.625
131	1.867	1.689	•		•	•	•	•	1.875	1.687
132	1.930	1.752	•		•	•	•	•	1.937	1.750
133	1.992	1.814	•		•	•	•	•	2.000	1.812
134	2.055	1.877	•		•	•	•	•	2.062	1.875
135	2.118	1.940	•		•	•	•	•	2.125	1.937
136	2.180	2.002	•		•	•	•	•	2.187	2.000
137	2.243	2.065	•		•	•	•	•	2.250	2.062
138	2.305	2.127	•		•	•	•	•	2.312	2.125
139	2.368	2.190	•		•	•	•	•	2.375	2.187

## 3/32" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.141/0.151		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.183/0.193						G <sub>2</sub> = 0.245/0.255	
	MIL-G-5514		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings	Industrial	
	A Dia.	B Dia.							A Dia.	B Dia.
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002							Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002
140	2.430	2.252	•		•	•	•	•	2.437	2.250
141	2.493	2.315	•		•	•	•	•	2.500	2.312
142	2.555	2.377	•		•	•	•	•	2.562	2.375
143	2.618	2.440	•		•	•	•	•	2.625	2.437
144	2.680	2.502	•		•	•	•	•	2.687	2.500
145	2.743	2.565	•		•	•	•	•	2.750	2.562
146	2.805	2.627	•		•	•	•	•	2.812	2.625
147	2.868	2.690	•		•	•	•	•	2.875	2.687
148	2.930	2.752	•		•	•	•	•	2.937	2.750
149	2.993	2.815	•		•	•	•	•	3.000	2.812
150	3.053	2.875	•		•	•	•	•	3.062	2.875
151	3.178	3.000	•		•	•	•	•	3.187	3.000
152	3.428	3.250	•		•	•	•	•	3.437	3.250
153	3.678	3.500	•		•	•	•	•	3.687	3.500
154	3.928	3.750	•		•	•	•	•	3.937	3.750
155	4.178	4.000	•		•	•	•	•	4.187	4.000
156	4.428	4.250	•		•	•	•	•	4.437	4.250
157	4.678	4.500	•		•	•	•	•	4.687	4.500
158	4.928	4.750	•		•	•	•	•	4.937	4.750
159	5.178	5.000	•		•	•	•	•	5.187	5.000
160	5.428	5.250	•		•	•	•	•	5.437	5.250
161	5.678	5.500	•		•	•	•	•	5.687	5.500
162	5.928	5.750	•		•	•	•	•	5.937	5.750
163	6.178	6.000	•		•	•	•	•	6.187	6.000

# Radial Seal Gland Dimensions MIL-G-5514 and Industrial

## 1/8" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.188/0.198		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.234/0.245		G <sub>2</sub> = 0.304/0.314					
	MIL-G-5514		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings	Industrial	
	A Dia.	B Dia.							A Dia.	B Dia.
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002							Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002
202	0.491	0.249	•	•		•	•	•	0.500	0.250
203	0.553	0.311	•	•		•	•	•	0.562	0.312
204	0.615	0.373	•	•		•	•	•	0.625	0.375
205	0.677	0.435	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.687	0.437
206	0.740	0.498	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.750	0.500
207	0.802	0.560	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.812	0.562
208	0.865	0.623	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.875	0.625
209	0.927	0.685	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.937	0.687
210	0.991	0.748	•	•	•	•	•	•	1.000	0.750
211	1.053	0.810	•	•	•	•	•	•	1.062	0.812
212	1.116	0.873	•	•					1.125	0.875
213	1.178	0.935	•		•	•	•	•	1.187	0.937
214	1.241	0.998	•		•	•	•	•	1.250	1.000
215	1.303	1.060	•		•	•	•	•	1.312	1.062
216	1.366	1.123	•						1.375	1.125
217	1.428	1.185	•		•	•	•	•	1.437	1.187
218	1.491	1.248	•		•	•	•	•	1.500	1.250
219	1.553	1.310	•		•	•	•	•	1.562	1.312
220	1.616	1.373	•		•	•	•	•	1.625	1.375
221	1.678	1.435	•		•	•	•	•	1.687	1.437
222	1.741	1.498	•		•	•	•	•	1.750	1.500
223	1.868	1.625	•		•	•	•	•	1.875	1.625
224	1.993	1.750	•		•	•	•	•	2.000	1.750
225	2.118	1.875	•		•	•	•	•	2.125	1.875
226	2.243	2.000	•		•	•	•	•	2.250	2.000
227	2.368	2.125	•		•	•	•	•	2.375	2.125
228	2.493	2.250	•		•	•	•	•	2.500	2.250
229	2.618	2.375	•		•	•	•	•	2.625	2.375
230	2.743	2.500	•		•	•	•	•	2.750	2.500
231	2.868	2.625	•		•	•	•	•	2.875	2.625
232	2.993	2.750	•		•	•	•	•	3.000	2.750
233	3.118	2.875	•		•	•	•	•	3.125	2.875
234	3.243	3.000	•		•	•	•	•	3.250	3.000
235	3.368	3.125	•		•	•	•	•	3.375	3.125
236	3.493	3.250	•		•	•	•	•	3.500	3.250
237	3.618	3.375	•		•	•	•	•	3.625	3.375
238	3.743	3.500	•		•	•	•	•	3.750	3.500
239	3.868	3.625	•		•	•	•	•	3.875	3.625
240	3.993	3.750	•		•	•	•	•	4.000	3.750
241	4.118	3.875	•		•	•	•	•	4.125	3.875

## 1/8" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.188/0.198		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.234/0.245						G <sub>2</sub> = 0.304/0.314	
	MIL-G-5514		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings	Industrial	
	A Dia.	B Dia.							A Dia.	B Dia.
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002							Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002
242	4.243	4.000	•		•	•	•	•	4.250	4.000
243	4.368	4.125	•		•	•	•	•	4.375	4.125
244	4.493	4.250	•		•	•	•	•	4.500	4.250
245	4.618	4.375	•		•	•	•	•	4.625	4.375
246	4.743	4.500	•		•	•	•	•	4.750	4.500
247	4.868	4.625	•		•	•	•	•	4.875	4.625
248	4.992	4.750	•		•	•	•	•	5.000	4.750
249	5.117	4.875	•		•	•	•	•	5.125	4.875
250	5.242	5.000	•		•	•	•	•	5.250	5.000
251	5.367	5.125	•		•	•	•	•	5.375	5.125
252	5.492	5.250	•		•	•	•	•	5.500	5.250
253	5.617	5.375	•		•	•	•	•	5.625	5.375
254	5.742	5.500	•		•	•	•	•	5.750	5.500
255	5.867	5.625	•		•	•	•	•	5.875	5.625
256	5.992	5.750	•		•	•	•	•	6.000	5.750
257	6.117	5.875	•		•	•	•	•	6.125	5.875
258	6.242	6.000	•		•	•	•	•	6.250	6.000
259	6.492	6.250	•		•	•	•	•	6.500	6.250
260	6.742	6.500	•		•	•	•	•	6.750	6.500
261	6.992	6.750	•		•	•	•	•	7.000	6.750
262	7.242	7.000	•		•	•	•	•	7.250	7.000
263	7.492	7.250	•		•	•	•	•	7.500	7.250
264	7.742	7.500	•		•	•	•	•	7.750	7.500
265	7.992	7.750	•		•	•	•	•	8.000	7.750
266	8.242	8.000	•		•	•	•	•	8.250	8.000
267	8.492	8.250	•		•	•	•	•	8.500	8.250
268	8.742	8.500	•		•	•	•	•	8.750	8.500
269	8.992	8.750	•		•	•	•	•	9.000	8.750
270	9.242	9.000	•		•	•	•	•	9.250	9.000
271	9.492	9.250	•		•	•	•	•	9.500	9.250
272	9.742	9.500	•		•	•	•	•	9.750	9.500
273	9.992	9.750	•		•	•	•	•	10.000	9.750
274	10.242	10.000	•		•	•	•	•	10.250	10.000
275	10.742	10.500	•		•	•	•	•	10.750	10.500
276	11.242	11.000	•		•	•	•	•	11.250	11.000
277	11.742	11.500	•		•	•	•	•	11.750	11.500
278	12.242	12.000	•		•	•	•	•	12.250	12.000
279	12.742	12.500	•		•	•	•	•	12.750	12.500
280	13.242	13.000	•		•	•	•	•	13.250	13.000
281	13.742	13.500	•		•	•	•	•	13.750	13.500

# Radial Seal Gland Dimensions MIL-G-5514 and Industrial

## 3/16" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.281/0.291		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.334/0.344		G <sub>2</sub> = 0.424/0.434			
	MIL-G-5514		AP5	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Dia.	B Dia.						
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002						
	Industrial							
	A Dia.	B Dia.						
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002						
313	0.870	0.498	•	•	•	•	•	0.875 0.500
314	0.932	0.560	•	•	•	•	•	0.937 0.562
315	0.995	0.623	•	•	•	•	•	1.000 0.625
316	1.057	0.685	•	•	•	•	•	1.062 0.687
317	1.120	0.748	•	•	•	•	•	1.125 0.750
318	1.182	0.810	•	•	•	•	•	1.187 0.812
319	1.245	0.873	•	•	•	•	•	1.250 0.875
320	1.307	0.935	•	•	•	•	•	1.312 0.937
321	1.370	0.998	•	•	•	•	•	1.375 1.000
322	1.495	1.123	•	•	•	•	•	1.500 1.125
323	1.620	1.248	•	•	•	•	•	1.625 1.250
324	1.745	1.373	•	•	•	•	•	1.750 1.375
325	1.870	1.498	•	•	•	•	•	1.875 1.500
326	1.995	1.623	•	•	•	•	•	2.000 1.625
327	2.120	1.748	•	•	•	•	•	2.125 1.750
328	2.245	1.873	•	•	•	•	•	2.250 1.875
329	2.370	1.998	•	•	•	•	•	2.375 2.000
330	2.495	2.123	•	•	•	•	•	2.500 2.125
331	2.620	2.248	•	•	•	•	•	2.625 2.250
332	2.745	2.373	•	•	•	•	•	2.750 2.375
333	2.870	2.498	•	•	•	•	•	2.875 2.500
334	2.995	2.623	•	•	•	•	•	3.000 2.625
335	3.120	2.748	•	•	•	•	•	3.125 2.750
336	3.245	2.873	•	•	•	•	•	3.250 2.875
337	3.369	2.997	•	•	•	•	•	3.375 3.000
338	3.494	3.122	•	•	•	•	•	3.500 3.125
339	3.619	3.247	•	•	•	•	•	3.625 3.250
340	3.744	3.372	•	•	•	•	•	3.750 3.375
341	3.869	3.497	•	•	•	•	•	3.875 3.500
342	3.994	3.622	•	•	•	•	•	4.000 3.625
343	4.119	3.747	•	•	•	•	•	4.125 3.750
344	4.244	3.872	•	•	•	•	•	4.250 3.875
345	4.369	3.997	•	•	•	•	•	4.375 4.000
346	4.494	4.122	•	•	•	•	•	4.500 4.125
347	4.619	4.247	•	•	•	•	•	4.625 4.250

## 3/16" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.281/0.291		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.334/0.344		G <sub>2</sub> = 0.424/0.434			
	MIL-G-5514		AP5	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Dia.	B Dia.						
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002						
	Industrial							
	A Dia.	B Dia.						
	Tol +0.002 -0.000	Tol +0.000 -0.002						
348	4.744	4.372	•	•	•	•	•	4.750 4.375
349	4.869	4.497	•	•	•	•	•	4.875 4.500
350	4.997	4.625	•	•	•	•	•	5.000 4.625
351	5.122	4.750	•	•	•	•	•	5.125 4.750
352	5.247	4.875	•	•	•	•	•	5.250 4.875
353	5.372	5.000	•	•	•	•	•	5.375 5.000
354	5.497	5.125	•	•	•	•	•	5.500 5.125
355	5.622	5.250	•	•	•	•	•	5.625 5.250
356	5.747	5.375	•	•	•	•	•	5.750 5.375
357	5.872	5.500	•	•	•	•	•	5.875 5.500
358	5.997	5.625	•	•	•	•	•	6.000 5.625
359	6.122	5.750	•	•	•	•	•	6.125 5.750
360	6.247	5.875	•	•	•	•	•	6.250 5.875
361	6.372	6.000	•	•	•	•	•	6.375 6.000
362	6.622	6.250	•	•	•	•	•	6.625 6.250
363	6.872	6.500	•	•	•	•	•	6.875 6.500
364	7.122	6.750	•	•	•	•	•	7.125 6.750
365	7.372	7.000	•	•	•	•	•	7.375 7.000
3656	7.622	7.250	•	•	•	•	•	7.625 7.250
367	7.872	7.500	•	•	•	•	•	7.875 7.500
368	8.122	7.750	•	•	•	•	•	8.125 7.750
369	8.372	8.000	•	•	•	•	•	8.375 8.000
370	8.622	8.250	•	•	•	•	•	8.625 8.250
371	8.872	8.500	•	•	•	•	•	8.875 8.500
372	9.122	8.750	•	•	•	•	•	9.125 8.750
373	9.372	9.000	•	•	•	•	•	9.375 9.000
374	9.622	9.250	•	•	•	•	•	9.625 9.250
375	9.872	9.500	•	•	•	•	•	9.875 9.500
376	10.122	9.750	•	•	•	•	•	10.125 9.750
377	10.372	10.000	•	•	•	•	•	10.375 10.000
378	10.872	10.500	•	•	•	•	•	10.875 10.500
379	11.372	11.000	•	•	•	•	•	11.375 11.000
380	11.872	11.500	•	•	•	•	•	11.875 11.500
381	12.372	12.000	•	•	•	•	•	12.375 12.000

# Radial Seal Gland Dimensions MIL-G-5514 and Industrial

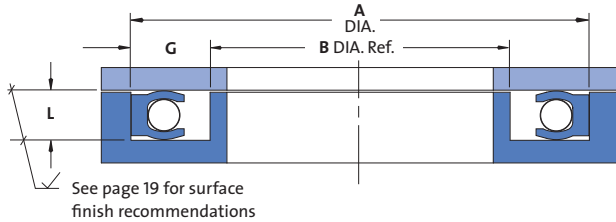
## 1/4" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.375/0.385		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.475/0.485		G <sub>2</sub> = 0.579/0.589			
	MIL-G-5514		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Dia.	B Dia.						
	Tol. +0.003 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.003						
409	2.977	2.500	•	•	•	•	•	3.000 2.500
410	3.102	2.625	•	•	•	•	•	3.125 2.625
411	3.227	2.750	•	•	•	•	•	3.250 2.750
412	3.352	2.875	•	•	•	•	•	3.375 2.875
413	3.477	3.000	•	•	•	•	•	3.500 3.000
414	3.602	3.125	•	•	•	•	•	3.625 3.125
415	3.727	3.250	•	•	•	•	•	3.750 3.250
416	3.852	3.375	•	•	•	•	•	3.875 3.375
417	3.977	3.500	•	•	•	•	•	4.000 3.500
418	4.102	3.625	•	•	•	•	•	4.125 3.625
419	4.227	3.750	•	•	•	•	•	4.250 3.750
420	4.352	3.875	•	•	•	•	•	4.375 3.875
421	4.477	4.000	•	•	•	•	•	4.500 4.000
422	4.602	4.125	•	•	•	•	•	4.625 4.125
423	4.727	4.250	•	•	•	•	•	4.750 4.250
424	4.852	4.375	•	•	•	•	•	4.875 4.375
425	4.974	4.497	•	•	•	•	•	5.000 4.500
426	5.099	4.622	•	•	•	•	•	5.125 4.625
427	5.224	4.747	•	•	•	•	•	5.250 4.750
428	5.349	4.872	•	•	•	•	•	5.375 4.875
429	5.474	4.997	•	•	•	•	•	5.500 5.000
430	5.599	5.122	•	•	•	•	•	5.625 5.125
431	5.724	5.247	•	•	•	•	•	5.750 5.250
432	5.849	5.372	•	•	•	•	•	5.875 5.375
433	5.974	5.497	•	•	•	•	•	6.000 5.500
434	6.099	5.622	•	•	•	•	•	6.125 5.625
435	6.224	5.747	•	•	•	•	•	6.250 5.750
436	6.349	5.872	•	•	•	•	•	6.375 5.875
437	6.474	5.997	•	•	•	•	•	6.500 6.000
438	6.724	6.247	•	•	•	•	•	6.750 6.250
439	6.974	6.497	•	•	•	•	•	7.000 6.500
440	7.224	6.747	•	•	•	•	•	7.250 6.750
441	7.474	6.997	•	•	•	•	•	7.500 7.000

## 1/4" Cross Section

Dash No.	G = 0.375/0.385		G <sub>1</sub> = 0.475/0.485		G <sub>2</sub> = 0.579/0.589			
	MIL-G-5514		APS	Spring Ring II	400A	103A	RP II	Back-Up Rings
	A Dia.	B Dia.						
	Tol. +0.003 -0.000	Tol. +0.000 -0.003						
442	7.724	7.247	•	•	•	•	•	7.750 7.250
443	7.974	7.497	•	•	•	•	•	8.000 7.500
444	8.224	7.747	•	•	•	•	•	8.250 7.750
445	8.474	7.997	•	•	•	•	•	8.500 8.000
446	8.974	8.497	•	•	•	•	•	9.000 8.500
447	9.474	8.997	•	•	•	•	•	9.500 9.000
448	9.974	9.497	•	•	•	•	•	10.000 9.500
449	10.474	9.997	•	•	•	•	•	10.500 10.000
450	10.974	10.497	•	•	•	•	•	11.000 10.500
451	11.474	10.997	•	•	•	•	•	11.500 11.000
452	11.974	11.497	•	•	•	•	•	12.000 11.500
453	12.474	11.997	•	•	•	•	•	12.500 12.000
454	12.974	12.497	•	•	•	•	•	13.000 12.500
455	13.474	12.997	•	•	•	•	•	13.500 13.000
456	13.974	13.497	•	•	•	•	•	14.000 13.500
457	14.474	13.997	•	•	•	•	•	14.500 14.000
458	14.974	14.497	•	•	•	•	•	15.000 14.500
459	15.474	14.997	•	•	•	•	•	15.500 15.000
460	15.974	15.497	•	•	•	•	•	16.000 15.500

# Inside Face Seal Gland Dimensions



## 1/16" Cross Section

L = 0.056/0.058 G = 0.094/0.104

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
008	0.312	0.125				
009	0.343	0.156				
010	0.375	0.187				
011	0.437	0.250				
012	0.500	0.312				
013	0.562	0.375				
014	0.625	0.437				
015	0.687	0.500				
016	0.750	0.562				
017	0.812	0.625				
018	0.875	0.687				
019	0.937	0.750				
020	1.000	0.812				
021	1.062	0.875				
022	1.125	0.937				
023	1.187	1.000				
024	1.250	1.062				
025	1.312	1.125				
026	1.375	1.187				
027	1.437	1.250				
028	1.500	1.312				
029	1.625	1.437				
030	1.750	1.562				
031	1.875	1.687				
032	2.000	1.812				
033	2.125	1.937				
034	2.250	2.062				
035	2.375	2.187				
036	2.500	2.312				
037	2.625	2.437				
038	2.750	2.562				
039	2.875	2.687				
040	3.000	2.812				
041	3.125	2.937				
042	3.375	3.187				
043	3.625	3.437				
044	3.875	3.687				
045	4.125	3.937				

## 3/32" Cross Section

L = 0.089/0.091 G = 0.141/0.151

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
110	0.562	0.280				
111	0.625	0.343				
112	0.687	0.405				
113	0.750	0.468				
114	0.812	0.530				
115	0.875	0.593				
116	0.937	0.655				
117	1.000	0.718				
118	1.062	0.780				
119	1.125	0.843				
120	1.187	0.905				
121	1.250	0.968				
122	1.312	1.030				
123	1.375	1.093				
124	1.437	1.155				
125	1.500	1.218				
126	1.562	1.280				
127	1.625	1.343				
128	1.687	1.405				
129	1.750	1.468				
130	1.812	1.530				
131	1.875	1.593				
132	1.937	1.655				
133	2.000	1.718				
134	2.062	1.780				
135	2.125	1.843				
136	2.187	1.905				
137	2.250	1.968				
138	2.312	2.030				
139	2.375	2.093				
140	2.437	2.155				
141	2.500	2.218				
142	2.562	2.280				
143	2.625	2.343				
144	2.687	2.405				
145	2.750	2.468				
146	2.812	2.530				
147	2.875	2.593				

## 3/32" Cross Section

L = 0.089/0.091 G = 0.141/0.151

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
148	2.937	2.655				
149	3.000	2.718				
150	3.062	2.780				
151	3.187	2.905				
152	3.437	3.155				
153	3.687	3.405				
154	3.937	3.655				
155	4.187	3.905				
156	4.437	4.155				
157	4.687	4.405				
158	4.937	4.655				
159	5.187	4.905				
160	5.437	5.155				
161	5.687	5.405				
162	5.937	5.655				
163	6.187	5.905				

## 1/8" Cross Section

L = 0.121/0.123 G = 0.188/0.198

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
210	1.000	0.625				
211	1.062	0.687				
212	1.125	0.750				
213	1.187	0.812				
214	1.250	0.875				
215	1.312	0.937				
216	1.375	1.000				
217	1.437	1.062				
218	1.500	1.125				
219	1.562	1.187				
220	1.625	1.250				
221	1.687	1.312				
222	1.750	1.375				
223	1.875	1.500				
224	2.000	1.625				
225	2.125	1.750				
226	2.250	1.875				



# Inside Face Seal Gland Dimensions

## 1/8" Cross Section

L = 0.121/0.123 G = 0.188/0.198

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
227	2.375	2.000	•	•	•	•
228	2.500	2.125	•	•	•	•
229	2.625	2.250	•	•	•	•
230	2.750	2.375	•	•	•	•
231	2.875	2.500	•	•	•	•
232	3.000	2.625	•	•	•	•
233	3.125	2.750	•	•	•	•
234	3.250	2.875	•	•	•	•
235	3.375	3.000	•	•	•	•
236	3.500	3.125	•	•	•	•
237	3.625	3.250	•	•	•	•
238	3.750	3.375	•	•	•	•
239	3.875	3.500	•	•	•	•
240	4.000	3.625	•	•	•	•
241	4.125	3.750	•	•	•	•
242	4.250	3.875	•	•	•	•
243	4.375	4.000	•	•	•	•
244	4.500	4.125	•	•	•	•
245	4.625	4.250	•	•	•	•
246	4.750	4.375	•	•	•	•
247	4.875	4.500	•	•	•	•
248	5.000	4.625	•	•	•	•
249	5.125	4.750	•	•	•	•
250	5.250	4.875	•	•	•	•
251	5.375	5.000	•	•	•	•
252	5.500	5.125	•	•	•	•
253	5.625	5.250	•	•	•	•
254	5.750	5.375	•	•	•	•
255	5.875	5.500	•	•	•	•
256	6.000	5.625	•	•	•	•
257	6.125	5.750	•	•	•	•
258	6.250	5.875	•	•	•	•
259	6.500	6.125	•	•	•	•
260	6.750	6.375	•	•	•	•
261	7.000	6.625	•	•	•	•
262	7.250	6.875	•	•	•	•
263	7.500	7.125	•	•	•	•
264	7.750	7.375	•	•	•	•
265	8.000	7.625	•	•	•	•
266	8.250	7.875	•	•	•	•
267	8.500	8.125	•	•	•	•
268	8.750	8.375	•	•	•	•
269	9.000	8.625	•	•	•	•
270	9.250	8.875	•	•	•	•
271	9.500	9.125	•	•	•	•

## 1/8" Cross Section

L = 0.121/0.123 G = 0.188/0.198

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
272	9.750	9.375	•	•	•	•
273	10.000	9.625	•	•	•	•
274	10.250	9.875	•	•	•	•
275	10.750	10.375	•	•	•	•
276	11.250	10.875	•	•	•	•
277	11.750	11.375	•	•	•	•
278	12.250	11.875	•	•	•	•
279	12.750	12.375	•	•	•	•
280	13.250	12.875	•	•	•	•
281	13.750	13.375	•	•	•	•

## 3/16" Cross Section

L = 0.186/0.188 G = 0.281/0.291

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
343	4.125	3.562	•	•	•	•
344	4.250	3.687	•	•	•	•
345	4.375	3.812	•	•	•	•
346	4.500	3.937	•	•	•	•
347	4.625	4.062	•	•	•	•
348	4.750	4.187	•	•	•	•
349	4.875	4.312	•	•	•	•
350	5.000	4.437	•	•	•	•
351	5.125	4.562	•	•	•	•
352	5.250	4.687	•	•	•	•
353	5.375	4.812	•	•	•	•
354	5.500	4.937	•	•	•	•
355	5.625	5.062	•	•	•	•
356	5.750	5.187	•	•	•	•
357	5.875	5.312	•	•	•	•
358	6.000	5.437	•	•	•	•
359	6.125	5.562	•	•	•	•
360	6.250	5.687	•	•	•	•
361	6.500	5.937	•	•	•	•
362	6.750	6.187	•	•	•	•
363	7.000	6.437	•	•	•	•
364	7.250	6.687	•	•	•	•
365	7.500	6.937	•	•	•	•
366	7.750	7.187	•	•	•	•
367	8.000	7.437	•	•	•	•
368	8.250	7.687	•	•	•	•
369	8.500	7.937	•	•	•	•
370	8.750	8.187	•	•	•	•
371	9.000	8.437	•	•	•	•
372	9.250	8.687	•	•	•	•
373	9.500	8.937	•	•	•	•
374	9.750	9.187	•	•	•	•
375	10.000	9.437	•	•	•	•
376	10.250	9.687	•	•	•	•
377	10.500	9.937	•	•	•	•
378	10.750	10.187	•	•	•	•
379	11.000	10.437	•	•	•	•
380	11.500	10.973	•	•	•	•
381	12.000	11.437	•	•	•	•
382	12.500	11.937	•	•	•	•
383	13.000	12.437	•	•	•	•
384	13.500	12.937	•	•	•	•

## 3/16" Cross Section

L = 0.186/0.188 G = 0.281/0.291

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
322	1.500	0.937	•	•	•	•
323	1.625	1.062	•	•	•	•
324	1.750	1.187	•	•	•	•
325	1.875	1.312	•	•	•	•
326	2.000	1.437	•	•	•	•
327	2.125	1.562	•	•	•	•
328	2.250	1.687	•	•	•	•
329	2.375	1.812	•	•	•	•
330	2.500	1.937	•	•	•	•
331	2.625	2.062	•	•	•	•
332	2.750	2.187	•	•	•	•
333	2.875	2.312	•	•	•	•
334	3.000	2.437	•	•	•	•
335	3.125	2.562	•	•	•	•
336	3.250	2.687	•	•	•	•
337	3.375	2.812	•	•	•	•
338	3.500	2.937	•	•	•	•
339	3.625	3.062	•	•	•	•
340	3.750	3.187	•	•	•	•
341	3.875	3.312	•	•	•	•
342	4.000	3.437	•	•	•	•

# Inside Face Seal Gland Dimensions



## 1/4" Cross Section

L = 0.238/0.241 G = 0.375/0.385

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
409	3.000	2.250	•	•	•	•
410	3.125	2.375	•	•	•	•
411	3.250	2.500	•	•	•	•
412	3.375	2.625	•	•	•	•
413	3.500	2.750	•	•	•	•
414	3.625	2.875	•	•	•	•
415	3.750	3.000	•	•	•	•
416	3.875	3.125	•	•	•	•
417	4.000	3.250	•	•	•	•
418	4.125	3.375	•	•	•	•
419	4.250	3.500	•	•	•	•
420	4.375	3.625	•	•	•	•
421	4.500	3.750	•	•	•	•
422	4.625	3.875	•	•	•	•
423	4.750	4.000	•	•	•	•
424	4.875	4.125	•	•	•	•
425	5.000	4.250	•	•	•	•
426	5.125	4.375	•	•	•	•
427	5.250	4.500	•	•	•	•
428	5.375	4.625	•	•	•	•
429	5.500	4.750	•	•	•	•
430	5.625	4.875	•	•	•	•
431	5.750	5.000	•	•	•	•
432	5.875	5.125	•	•	•	•
433	6.000	5.250	•	•	•	•
434	6.125	5.375	•	•	•	•
435	6.250	5.500	•	•	•	•
436	6.375	5.625	•	•	•	•
437	6.500	5.750	•	•	•	•
438	6.750	6.000	•	•	•	•
439	7.000	6.250	•	•	•	•
440	7.250	6.500	•	•	•	•
441	7.500	6.750	•	•	•	•
442	7.750	7.000	•	•	•	•
443	8.000	7.250	•	•	•	•
444	8.250	7.500	•	•	•	•
445	8.500	7.750	•	•	•	•
446	9.000	8.250	•	•	•	•

## 1/4" Cross Section

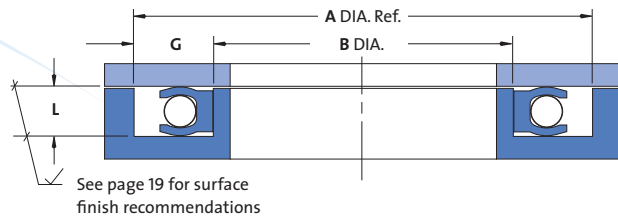
L = 0.238/0.241 G = 0.375/0.385

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Tol +0.005 -0.000	Max. (Ref.)				
447	9.500	8.750	•	•	•	•
448	10.000	9.250	•	•	•	•
449	10.500	9.750	•	•	•	•
450	11.000	10.250	•	•	•	•
451	11.500	10.750	•	•	•	•
452	12.000	11.250	•	•	•	•
453	12.500	11.750	•	•	•	•
454	13.000	12.250	•	•	•	•
455	13.500	12.750	•	•	•	•
456	14.000	13.250	•	•	•	•
457	14.500	13.750	•	•	•	•
458	15.000	14.250	•	•	•	•
459	15.500	14.750	•	•	•	•
460	16.000	15.250	•	•	•	•

### NOTE:

1. If space permits, use the larger cross sections listed in these tables.
2. Diameters between those listed and diameters larger than those listed are available on request.
3. In-between cross sections and larger cross sections are available.
4. Metric sizes are also available.

# Outside Face Seal Gland Dimensions



## 1/16" Cross Section

L = 0.056/0.058    G = 0.094/0.104

Dash No.	A Dia.		B Dia.		400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
008	0.375	0.187			•	•	•	•
009	0.406	0.218			•	•	•	•
010	0.437	0.250			•	•	•	•
011	0.500	0.312			•	•	•	•
012	0.562	0.375			•	•	•	•
013	0.625	0.437			•	•	•	•
014	0.687	0.500			•	•	•	•
015	0.750	0.562			•	•	•	•
016	0.812	0.625			•	•	•	•
017	0.875	0.687			•	•	•	•
018	0.937	0.750			•	•	•	•
019	1.000	0.812			•	•	•	•
020	1.062	0.875			•	•	•	•
021	1.125	0.937			•	•	•	•
022	1.187	1.000			•	•	•	•
023	1.250	1.062			•	•	•	•
024	1.312	1.125			•	•	•	•
025	1.375	1.187			•	•	•	•
026	1.437	1.250			•	•	•	•
027	1.500	1.312			•	•	•	•
028	1.562	1.375			•	•	•	•
029	1.687	1.500			•	•	•	•
030	1.812	1.625			•	•	•	•
031	1.937	1.750			•	•	•	•
032	2.062	1.875			•	•	•	•
033	2.187	2.000			•	•	•	•
034	2.312	2.125			•	•	•	•
035	2.437	2.250			•	•	•	•
036	2.562	2.375			•	•	•	•
037	2.687	2.500			•	•	•	•
038	2.812	2.625			•	•	•	•
039	2.937	2.750			•	•	•	•
040	3.062	2.875			•	•	•	•
041	3.187	3.000			•	•	•	•
042	3.437	3.250			•	•	•	•
043	3.687	3.500			•	•	•	•
044	3.937	3.750			•	•	•	•
045	4.187	4.000			•	•	•	•

## 3/32" Cross Section

L = 0.089/0.091    G = 0.141/0.151

Dash No.	A Dia.		B Dia.		400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
110	0.657	0.375			•	•	•	•
111	0.719	0.437			•	•	•	•
112	0.782	0.500			•	•	•	•
113	0.844	0.562			•	•	•	•
114	0.907	0.625			•	•	•	•
115	0.969	0.687			•	•	•	•
116	1.032	0.750			•	•	•	•
117	1.094	0.812			•	•	•	•
118	1.157	0.875			•	•	•	•
119	1.219	0.937			•	•	•	•
120	1.282	1.000			•	•	•	•
121	1.344	1.062			•	•	•	•
122	1.407	1.125			•	•	•	•
123	1.469	1.187			•	•	•	•
124	1.532	1.250			•	•	•	•
125	1.594	1.312			•	•	•	•
126	1.657	1.375			•	•	•	•
127	1.719	1.437			•	•	•	•
128	1.782	1.500			•	•	•	•
129	1.844	1.562			•	•	•	•
130	1.907	1.625			•	•	•	•
131	1.969	1.687			•	•	•	•
132	2.032	1.750			•	•	•	•
133	2.094	1.812			•	•	•	•
134	2.157	1.875			•	•	•	•
135	2.219	1.937			•	•	•	•
136	2.282	2.000			•	•	•	•
137	2.344	2.062			•	•	•	•
138	2.407	2.125			•	•	•	•
139	2.469	2.187			•	•	•	•
140	2.532	2.250			•	•	•	•
141	2.594	2.312			•	•	•	•
142	2.657	2.375			•	•	•	•
143	2.719	2.437			•	•	•	•
144	2.782	2.500			•	•	•	•
145	2.844	2.562			•	•	•	•
146	2.907	2.625			•	•	•	•
147	2.969	2.687			•	•	•	•

## 3/32" Cross Section

L = 0.089/0.091    G = 0.141/0.151

Dash No.	A Dia.		B Dia.		400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
148	3.032	2.750			•	•	•	•
149	3.094	2.812			•	•	•	•
150	3.157	2.875			•	•	•	•
151	3.282	3.000			•	•	•	•
152	3.532	3.250			•	•	•	•
153	3.782	3.500			•	•	•	•
154	4.032	3.750			•	•	•	•
155	4.282	4.000			•	•	•	•
156	4.532	4.250			•	•	•	•
157	4.782	4.500			•	•	•	•
158	5.032	4.750			•	•	•	•
159	5.282	5.000			•	•	•	•
160	5.532	5.250			•	•	•	•
161	5.782	5.500			•	•	•	•
162	6.032	5.750			•	•	•	•
163	6.282	6.000			•	•	•	•

## 1/8" Cross Section

L = 0.121/0.123    G = 0.188/0.198

Dash No.	A Dia.		B Dia.		400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
208	1.000	0.625			•	•	•	•
209	1.063	0.687			•	•	•	•
210	1.125	0.750			•	•	•	•
211	1.188	0.812			•	•	•	•
212	1.250	0.875			•	•	•	•
213	1.313	0.937			•	•	•	•
214	1.375	1.000			•	•	•	•
215	1.438	1.062			•	•	•	•
216	1.500	1.125			•	•	•	•
217	1.563	1.187			•	•	•	•
218	1.625	1.250			•	•	•	•
219	1.688	1.312			•	•	•	•
220	1.750	1.375			•	•	•	•
221	1.813	1.437			•	•	•	•
222	1.875	1.500			•	•	•	•
223	2.000	1.625			•	•	•	•
224	2.125	1.750			•	•	•	•
225	2.250	1.875			•	•	•	•
226	2.375	2.000			•	•	•	•
227	2.500	2.125			•	•	•	•
228	2.625	2.250			•	•	•	•

# Outside Face Seal Gland Dimensions

## 1/8" Cross Section

L = 0.121/0.123 G = 0.188/0.198

Dash No.	A Dia.		B Dia.		400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
229	2.750	2.375	•	•	•	•	•	•
230	2.875	2.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
231	3.000	2.625	•	•	•	•	•	•
232	3.125	2.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
233	3.325	2.875	•	•	•	•	•	•
234	3.375	3.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
235	3.500	3.125	•	•	•	•	•	•
236	3.625	3.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
237	3.750	3.375	•	•	•	•	•	•
238	3.875	3.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
239	4.000	3.625	•	•	•	•	•	•
240	4.125	3.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
241	4.250	3.875	•	•	•	•	•	•
242	4.375	4.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
243	4.500	4.125	•	•	•	•	•	•
244	4.625	4.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
245	4.750	4.375	•	•	•	•	•	•
246	4.875	4.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
247	5.000	4.625	•	•	•	•	•	•
248	5.125	4.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
249	5.250	4.875	•	•	•	•	•	•
250	5.375	5.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
251	5.500	5.125	•	•	•	•	•	•
252	5.625	5.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
253	5.750	5.375	•	•	•	•	•	•
254	5.875	5.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
255	6.000	5.625	•	•	•	•	•	•
256	6.125	5.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
257	6.250	5.875	•	•	•	•	•	•
258	6.375	6.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
259	6.625	6.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
260	6.875	6.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
261	7.125	6.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
262	7.375	7.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
263	7.625	7.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
264	7.875	7.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
265	8.125	7.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
266	8.375	8.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
267	8.625	8.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
268	8.875	8.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
269	9.125	8.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
270	9.375	9.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
271	9.625	9.250	•	•	•	•	•	•

## 1/8" Cross Section

L = 0.121/0.123 G = 0.188/0.198

Dash No.	A Dia.		B Dia.		400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
272	9.875	9.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
273	10.125	9.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
274	10.375	10.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
275	10.875	10.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
276	11.375	11.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
277	11.875	11.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
278	12.375	12.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
279	13.375	13.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
280	14.375	14.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
281	15.375	15.000	•	•	•	•	•	•

## 3/16" Cross Section

L = 0.186/0.188 G = 0.281/0.291

Dash No.	A Dia.		B Dia.		400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
346	4.687	4.125	•	•	•	•	•	•
347	4.812	4.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
348	4.937	4.375	•	•	•	•	•	•
349	5.062	4.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
350	5.187	4.625	•	•	•	•	•	•
351	5.312	4.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
352	5.437	4.875	•	•	•	•	•	•
353	5.562	5.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
354	5.687	5.125	•	•	•	•	•	•
355	5.812	5.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
356	5.937	5.375	•	•	•	•	•	•
357	6.062	5.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
358	6.187	5.625	•	•	•	•	•	•
359	6.312	5.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
360	6.437	5.875	•	•	•	•	•	•
361	6.562	6.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
362	6.687	6.125	•	•	•	•	•	•
363	6.812	6.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
364	7.062	6.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
365	7.312	6.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
366	7.562	7.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
367	7.812	7.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
368	8.062	7.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
369	8.312	7.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
370	8.562	8.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
371	8.812	8.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
372	9.062	8.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
373	9.312	8.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
374	9.562	9.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
375	9.812	9.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
376	10.062	9.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
377	10.312	9.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
378	10.562	10.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
379	10.812	10.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
380	11.062	10.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
381	11.312	10.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
382	12.562	11.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
383	12.062	11.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
384	12.562	12.000	•	•	•	•	•	•

## 3/16" Cross Section

L = 0.186/0.188 G = 0.281/0.291

Dash No.	A Dia.		B Dia.		400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
325	2.062	1.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
326	2.187	1.625	•	•	•	•	•	•
327	2.312	1.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
328	2.437	1.875	•	•	•	•	•	•
329	2.562	2.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
330	2.687	2.125	•	•	•	•	•	•
331	2.812	2.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
332	2.937	2.375	•	•	•	•	•	•
333	3.062	2.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
334	3.187	2.625	•	•	•	•	•	•
335	3.312	2.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
336	3.437	2.875	•	•	•	•	•	•
337	3.562	3.000	•	•	•	•	•	•
338	3.687	3.125	•	•	•	•	•	•
339	3.812	3.250	•	•	•	•	•	•
340	3.937	3.375	•	•	•	•	•	•
341	4.062	3.500	•	•	•	•	•	•
342	4.187	3.625	•	•	•	•	•	•
343	4.312	3.750	•	•	•	•	•	•
344	4.437	3.875	•	•	•	•	•	•
345	4.562	4.000	•	•	•	•	•	•

# Outside Face Seal Gland Dimensions

## 1/4" Cross Section

L = 0.238/0.241 G = 0.375/0.385

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
409	3.250	2.500	•	•	•	•
410	3.375	2.625	•	•	•	•
411	3.500	2.750	•	•	•	•
412	3.625	2.875	•	•	•	•
413	3.750	3.000	•	•	•	•
414	3.875	3.125	•	•	•	•
415	4.000	3.250	•	•	•	•
416	4.125	3.375	•	•	•	•
417	4.250	3.500	•	•	•	•
418	4.375	3.625	•	•	•	•
419	4.500	3.750	•	•	•	•
420	4.625	3.875	•	•	•	•
421	4.750	4.000	•	•	•	•
422	4.875	4.125	•	•	•	•
423	5.000	4.250	•	•	•	•
424	5.125	4.375	•	•	•	•
425	5.250	4.500	•	•	•	•
426	5.375	4.625	•	•	•	•
427	5.500	4.750	•	•	•	•
428	5.625	4.875	•	•	•	•
429	5.750	5.000	•	•	•	•
430	5.875	5.125	•	•	•	•
431	6.000	5.250	•	•	•	•
432	6.125	5.375	•	•	•	•
433	6.250	5.500	•	•	•	•
434	6.375	5.625	•	•	•	•
435	6.500	5.750	•	•	•	•
436	6.625	5.875	•	•	•	•
437	6.750	6.000	•	•	•	•
438	7.000	6.250	•	•	•	•
439	7.250	6.500	•	•	•	•
440	7.500	6.750	•	•	•	•
441	7.750	7.000	•	•	•	•
442	8.000	7.250	•	•	•	•
443	8.250	7.500	•	•	•	•
444	8.500	7.750	•	•	•	•
445	8.750	8.000	•	•	•	•
446	9.250	8.500	•	•	•	•
447	9.750	9.000	•	•	•	•

## 1/4" Cross Section

L = 0.238/0.241 G = 0.375/0.385

Dash No.	A Dia.	B Dia.	400A	103A	1100A	APS
	Min. (Ref.)	Tol +0.000 -0.005				
448	10.250	9.500	•	•	•	•
449	10.750	10.000	•	•	•	•
450	11.250	10.500	•	•	•	•
451	11.750	11.000	•	•	•	•
452	12.250	11.500	•	•	•	•
453	12.750	12.000	•	•	•	•
454	13.250	12.500	•	•	•	•
455	13.750	13.000	•	•	•	•
456	14.250	13.500	•	•	•	•
457	14.750	14.000	•	•	•	•
458	15.250	14.500	•	•	•	•
459	15.750	15.000	•	•	•	•
460	16.250	15.500	•	•	•	•

### NOTE:

1. If space permits, use the larger cross sections listed in these tables.
2. Diameters between those listed and diameters larger than those listed are available on request.
3. In-between cross sections and larger cross sections are available.
4. Metric sizes are also available.





## OmniSeal® Installation

Unlike elastomeric and polyurethane seals, OmniSeal® spring-energized seals resist stretching. Similarly, our seals can scratch and take a permanent set much more easily. Care should be taken while installing OmniSeal® seals to avoid seal damage. The seals should be installed in open or split groove designs to avoid stretching or compressing the seal.

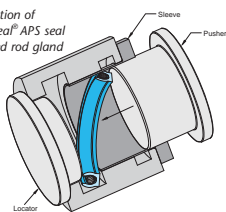
To avoid seal damage when installing OmniSeal® seals in closed (non-split) or partially open grooves, please use special installation tools. Saint-Gobain Seals can design installation tools for your specific needs. The hardware surface should be free of scratches and sharp edges that can cause permanent damage to the seal.

If the OmniSeal® seal is installed in a piston housing, the seal must be stretched. An installation tool with a ramp and sleeve is recommended for this type of application. The seal is easily transferred to the sleeve by loading from the ramp side and moved from the sleeve onto the gland using a pusher. During the process, the seal will expand and normally will require recovery time to return to its nominal diameter. If the installation has to be done immediately, a mechanical compression tool is recommended. The ramp in the tool will compress the seal to its original diameter. The tool should be allowed to remain in place on top of the OmniSeal® seal for approximately one minute to allow the seal to return to its original diameter.

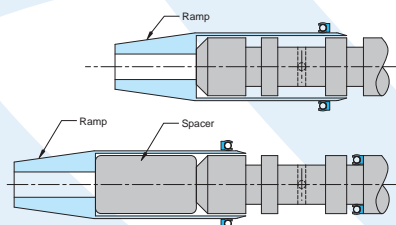
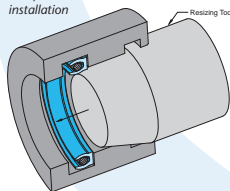
For installation in a bore housing, the OmniSeal® seal must be compressed. This can be done by loading the seal inside the sleeve of the installation tool. Position the sleeve adjacent to the housing and transfer the seal onto the housing using a pusher. Use a resizing tool with a ramp to return the seal to its original dimension

**Note:** To install two or more OmniSeal® products into closed glands on a common shaft, install the farthest seal first. Use a simple spacer to adjust the ramp and position the next seal and gland for installation.

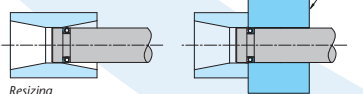
Installation of OmniSeal® APS seal in closed rod gland



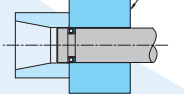
Completion of installation



Resizing



Installation into bore



Larger diameter seals may not require a special installation tool if the seal can be pushed onto the housing with minimal force. When allowed, lubricants (grease, oil, etc.) compatible with the media to be sealed can ease assembly.

OmniSeal® 400A, APS and 103A seals can be installed into closed glands if needed. Spring Ring II and RP II seals are not recommended for closed gland installation because of possible damage to the spring. Similarly, small diameter 400A type seals are not recommended for installation in closed grooves. Seals with larger diameters are typically easier to install in closed grooves. For seals that have a diameter to cross-section ratio smaller than 20:1, please consult our Technical Support team at [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com) or refer to the back page for site contact information.

**Warning:** To avoid damage to the jacket and spring, do not use hand tools such as screwdrivers to force OmniSeal® seals into closed glands. Please contact our Technical Support team when working with a closed gland design. Refer to the back cover for specific site contact information.

## Special Seal Designs



### Anti-Blowout Rod Seals

This unique design has been used in the valve industry for more than 50 years. In applications requiring the rod to disengage from the seal, the anti-blowout design prevents the dynamic sealing lip from deforming under pressure.



### Anti-Blowout Ball Valve Seals

Ball valve seals are machined to the exact tolerances called for by manufacturers. A highly successful example of this type of seal is the anti-blowout design, which is used in petrochemical valves. Our engineers assist customers in designing a captive anti-blowout feature into hardware.



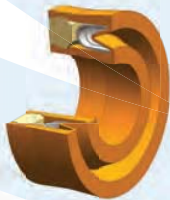
### Integral Piston Seals

For small diameter applications at moderate pressures, the integral piston seal is an innovative approach to reducing the number of precision machined metal parts and components. In addition to allowing easy assembly, this design serves as a seal and as a guide bearing.



### Bidirectional Seals

This versatile design combines two seals and a guide bearing into a one-piece component. The bidirectional seal is recommended for moderate temperature/pressure applications where simple assembly and quick replacement are required. When designed without an inside diameter it also serves as a floating piston.



### Sanitary Seals

The JS design shields the spring from the media, prevents entrapment in the spring and allows easier cleaning. This design is excellent in food filling and other dispensing equipment.



### OmniGasket™ Seals

OmniGasket™ seals are spring-energized seals retained in a metal plate designed to customer specifications. This seal saves hardware design and machining costs and offer easy change out of the seals in the field. These advantages have made OmniGasket™ seals preferred for use in gas turbine engine and aerospace hydraulic applications.

## Special Seal Designs



### Formed Seals

Our formed seals are a unique specialty sealing product. Saint-Gobain Seals has the ability to manufacture most of the major seal cross sections in special shapes to fit the customer's hardware. Successful applications of formed seals include aerospace access doors and liquid heat exchangers.



### High-Pressure Seals with Back-up Rings

A number of design options are available for high-pressure sealing problems. Back-up rings can be configured into most seal types to prevent extrusion of the jacket material. Pressure actuated back-up rings are often recommended for closing multiple gaps or for dealing with hardware side loads.



### Belleville Spring Seals

Face seals energized with Belleville washers provide high deflection without risk of the spring collapsing. Another advantage of a Belleville seal is that they can be manufactured in smaller diameters than most spring-energized seals.



### LFE and HPHT Seals with V-Packings and T-Spacers

In response to the critical need for low fugitive emissions (LFE) from valves, Saint-Gobain Seals developed a range of high-performance stem sealing systems that protect the environment and adhere to the most stringent standards of the oil and gas industry. OmniSeal® LFE designs that comply with ISO-15848 and Shell SPE 77-312 are available. In some applications, the back pressure can reach levels high enough to damage the seal. A T-Spacer can prevent damage to the lips of the OmniSeal® seal.



### Multiple Energizers

If the cross section of the seal is too big compared to the other seal dimensions, a multiple spring design may be preferred.

# Chemical Compatibility Guide

Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®
Acetaldehyde	A	C	—	A	A	A
Acetamide	A	A	—	A	—	—
Acetate Solvent	A	A	—	A	A	A
Acetic Acid	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A	D	A	A
Acetic Acid, 20%	A	A	A	B	A	A
Acetic Acid, 80%	A	A	—	D	A	A
Acetic Acid, Glacial	A	D	—	C	A	A
Acetic Anhydride	A	D	B	B	A	A
Acetone	A	B	B	A	A	A
Acetyl Chloride (dry)	A	D	—	A	A	A
Acetylene	A	D	A	A	—	A
Acrylonitrile	A	A	—	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Adipic Acid	A	A	—	A <sup>1</sup>	—	—
Alcohols:						
Amnly	A	B <sup>2</sup>	A	A	A	A
Benzyl	A	D	—	A	A	A
Butyl	A	A	—	A	A	A
Discertone	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	A	A	A
Ethyl	A	B	A	A	A	A
Hexyl	A	A	—	A	A	A
Isobutyl	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	A	A
Isopropyl	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>2</sup>	A	B	A	A
Methyl	A	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A	A	A
Octyl	—	A	—	A	C	A
Propyl	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	A	A
Aluminum Chloride	A	B <sup>2</sup>	C	B	A	B
Aluminum Chloride, 20%	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	D	A	C
Aluminum Fluoride	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	D	B	C
Aluminum Hydroxide	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Aluminum Nitrate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	—	—
Alum. Potassium Sulfate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	D	C	—
Aluminum Sulfate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	B	B	—
Alums	A	A	D	—	B	—
Amines	A <sup>2</sup>	C <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	A	B	A
Ammonia 10%	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	A	A	A
Ammonia Nitrate	A	A	—	A	—	A
Ammonia, Anhydrous	A	B <sup>2</sup>	D	A	B	A
Ammonia, Liquid	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	B <sup>2</sup>	B	B
Ammonium Acetate	A	A	—	B	—	—
Ammonium Bifluoride	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	D	B	C
Ammonium Carbonate	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	B	B	—
Ammonium Chloride	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	C	D	A
Ammonium Hydroxide	A	A <sup>1</sup>	C	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A

Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®
Ammonium Nitrate	A	A <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Ammonium Persulfate	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	B	—
Ammonium Phosphate:						
Dibasic	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B	B	—
Monobasic	A	A	B <sup>1</sup>	B	B	—
Tribasic	A	C	—	B	B	—
Ammonium Sulfate	—	A <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	B	B	A
Amyl Acetate	A	C <sup>1</sup>	C <sup>1</sup>	A	A	—
Amyl Alcohol	A <sup>2</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A	A	A
Amyl Chloride	A	D	—	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	—
Aniline	A	C	D	A	B	—
Aniline Hydrochloride	A	D	—	D	D	—
Antimony Trichloride	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	B	A <sup>2</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>
Aqua Regia	A	B <sup>1</sup>	C <sup>1</sup>	D	C	D
Arochlor 1248	A	C <sup>1</sup>	C <sup>1</sup>	B	A	—
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	—	C	C <sup>1</sup>	—	—	—
Arsenic Acid	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	A <sup>2</sup>	B	—
Asphalt	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	B	—	—
Barium Carbonate	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	B <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Barium Chloride	A	A <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Barium Cyanide	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—	A <sup>1</sup>	A	—
Barium Hydroxide	A	B <sup>2</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	B	B	—
Barium Nitrate	A	B <sup>2</sup>	A	A	A	A
Barium Sulfate	A	B <sup>2</sup>	D	B	A	—
Barium Sulfide	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	B	—	—
Benzaldehyde	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	B	B	A	—
Benzene	A	C <sup>1</sup>	C	B	B	—
Benzene Sulfonic Acid	A	A <sup>1</sup>	B	B	B	—
Benzoic Acid	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	D	B	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Benzol	A	C <sup>1</sup>	C	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Boric Acid	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>2</sup>	A	—
Bromine	A	D	D	D	A	C
Butadiene	D	—	A	C	—	—
Butane	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	A <sup>2</sup>	A	A
Butylacetate	A	C <sup>1</sup>	B	B	A	—
Butylene	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	A	—	—
Butyric Acid	D	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	—	—
Calcium Bisulfide	A	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	B	A	—
Calcium Carbonate	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Calcium Chloride	A	B <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	C <sup>2</sup>	A	C
Calcium Hydroxide	A	A <sup>2</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Calcium Hypochlorite	A	A <sup>1</sup>	C <sup>1</sup>	C <sup>1</sup>	B	C

## Key

A: No Effect/Excellent  
 B: Minor Effect  
 C: Moderate Effect/Fair  
 D: Severe Effect/Not Recommended  
<sup>1</sup>Satisfactory up to 72°F (22°C)  
<sup>2</sup>Satisfactory up to 120°F (48°C)

# Chemical Compatibility Guide

Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®
Calcium Oxide	A	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A	A	A
Calcium Sulfate	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	B	B	—
Carbon Bisulfide	—	—	C <sup>1</sup>	A	—	—
Carbon Dioxide	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A	A	A
Carbon Dioxide (Dry)	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A	A
Carbon Dioxide (Wet)	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	A	A	A
Carbon Disulfide	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Carbon Monoxide	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A	A	B	A
Carbon Tetrachloride	A	D	D	B	A <sup>1</sup>	A
Carbonic Acid	A	B <sup>2</sup>	D	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>2</sup>	—
Catsup	—	—	—	A	—	A
Chlorinated Glue	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chlorine Water	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	C <sup>2</sup>	A	A
Chlorine, Anhydrous Liquid	A	D	—	C <sup>1</sup>	D	—
Chlorine, Dry	A	D	D	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>2</sup>	A
Chlorobenzene (Mono)	B	C <sup>1</sup>	D	A	A	—
Chloroform	A <sup>1</sup>	C <sup>1</sup>	D	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A
Chlorosulfonic Acid	A	D	D	D	A <sup>1</sup>	—
Chromic acid 5%	A	D	D	B	B	B
Chromic Acid 10%	A	D	D	B	A	B
Chromic Acid 30%	A	D	D	B <sup>2</sup>	D	B
Chromic Acid 50%	A	D	D	C	B	C
Cider	—	B	B <sup>1</sup>	A	—	A
Citric Acid	A	D	A <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Clorox (Bleach)	A	—	—	A	A	A
Coffee	—	—	—	A	A	A
Copper Chloride	A	—	A <sup>1</sup>	D	—	—
Copper Cyanide	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	B	A <sup>1</sup>	—
Copper Fluoborate	—	—	—	D	B	—
Copper Nitrate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—
Copper Sulfate 5%	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A	—
Copper Sulfate >5%	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A	—
Cream	A	—	—	A	—	A
Cresola	—	C <sup>1</sup>	D	A <sup>2</sup>	B <sup>2</sup>	—
Cresylic Acid	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Cyclohexane	A	B <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Cyclohexanone	A	D	—	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	—
Detergents	A	D	—	A <sup>2</sup>	B	A
Diacetone Alcohol	A	A	—	B <sup>1</sup>	—	—
Dichloroethane	A <sup>1</sup>	C <sup>1</sup>	—	C <sup>1</sup>	A	—
Diesel Fuel	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A
Diethyl Ether	A	—	C	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	A

Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®
Disthylamine	D	D	—	A	A	A
Diethylene Glycol	A <sup>2</sup>	B <sup>2</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	A
Dimethyl Formamide	D	A	—	A	—	—
Diphenyl Oxide	A <sup>1</sup>	—	—	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Epsom Salts	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	B	A
Ethane	A	—	—	A	—	A
Ethanol	A	B	—	A	A	A
Ethanolamine	A <sup>1</sup>	—	—	A	B	—
Ether	A	D	—	A	B <sup>1</sup>	A
Ethyl Acetate	A	D	B	B	A	A
Ethyl Benzoate	A	C <sup>2</sup>	—	—	—	—
Ethyl Chloride	A	C <sup>1</sup>	C	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Ethylene Bromide	A	D	—	A	B	—
Ethylene Chloride	A	D	—	B	—	—
Ethylene Chlorohydrin	A	D	—	B	B	—
Ethylene Diamine	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	B <sup>1</sup>	C	—
Ethylene Dichloride	A	D	C	B	B	—
Ethylene Glycol	A	D	A	B	B <sup>1</sup>	A
Ethylene Oxide	A	A	A	B	A	A
Patty Acids	A	D	—	B	A	A
Ferric Chloride	A	A <sup>1</sup>	C	D	B <sup>2</sup>	C
Ferric Nitrate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B	B <sup>1</sup>	B
Ferric Sulfate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	B
Ferrous Chloride	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	D	B <sup>1</sup>	C
Ferrous Sulfate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B	B	B
Fluoboric Acid	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B	A <sup>1</sup>	—
Fluorine	D	D	—	C	B <sup>1</sup>	C
Fluosilicic Acid	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	C	B	—
Formaldehyde 40%	A	D	B	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A
Formaldehyde 100%	A	B	—	C	A	A
Formic Acid	A	D	B	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Freon 11	A	C	A	A	A	A
Freon 12	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Freon 22	A	—	—	A	A	A
Freon 113	A	—	A	—	A	A
Freon TF	A	—	A	A	A	A
Fruit Juice	A	A	—	A	A	A
Fuel Oils	B	B	—	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A
Furan Resin	A	D	—	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Furfural	A	D	—	A	B	—
Galic Acid	B	A	—	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Gasoline	B	A	A	A	A	A

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<sup>2</sup>Satisfactory up to 120°F (48°C)



# Chemical Compatibility Guide

Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®	Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®
Gelatin	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A <sup>2</sup>	A	A	Lacquer Thinners	A	A <sup>2</sup>	D	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Glucose	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A	Lacquers	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Glue, PVA	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A	Lactic Acid	A	A <sup>1</sup>	D	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Glycerin	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A	A	Lard	A	A	—	A	A	A
Glycolic Acid	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	A	A	Latex	A	—	—	A <sup>2</sup>	A	A
Grape Juice	A	B	—	A	—	A	Lead Acetate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Grease	A	—	—	—	A	A	Lead Sulfamate	B	A <sup>1</sup>	—	C	—	—
Heptane	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	A	A	A	Ligroin	A	A	—	—	—	—
Hexane	A	D	A	A	A	A	Lime	A <sup>1</sup>	A	—	A	—	A
Honey	A	B	—	A	A	A	Lubricants	A	D	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A	A
Hydraulic Oil (Petro)	A	C	—	A	A	A	Magnesium Carbonate	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Hydraulic Oil (Synthetic)	A	A	—	A	A	A	Magnesium Chloride	A	A <sup>1</sup>	C	D	A <sup>2</sup>	—
Hydrazine	C	—	C	A	—	—	Magnesium Hydroxide	A	A <sup>2</sup>	C	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Hydrobromic Acid 20%	—	B <sup>2</sup>	—	D	A	C	Magnesium Nitrate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Hydrobromic Acid 100%	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	D	C	D	Magnesium Sulfate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	B	—
Hydrochloric Acid 20%	A	A <sup>2</sup>	B	D	A <sup>1</sup>	B	Maleic Acid	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	A	B	—
Hydrochloric Acid 37%	A	B <sup>2</sup>	C	D	B	C	Malic Acid	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	A	B	—
Hydrochloric Acid 100%	A	—	—	D	A	B	Mayonnaise	A	D	—	C	A	A
Hydrocyanic Acid	A	A <sup>2</sup>	C	B <sup>1</sup>	A	—	Melamine	A	—	—	—	—	—
Hydrocyanic Acid Gas 10%	A	—	—	—	—	—	Mercuric Chloride (Dilute)	A	A	B	C	C	D
Hydrofluoric Acid 20%	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	D	B	C	Mercuric Cyanide	B	A	—	A	A	—
Hydrofluoric Acid 50%	A	A <sup>1</sup>	D	D	B	C	Mercury	A	A	B	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A
Hydrofluoric Acid 75%	A	C <sup>1</sup>	D	D	B	C	Methane	A	—	—	A	A	A
Hydrofluoric Acid 100%	A	—	D	B <sup>1</sup>	B	C	Methanol	A	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A	A	A
Hydrofluosilicic Acid 20%	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	C <sup>2</sup>	B	C	Methyl Acetate	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	A	A	A
Hydrofluosilicic Acid 100%	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	D	B	C	Methyl Acrylate	—	—	—	A	—	—
Hydrogen Gas	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A	A	A	A	Methyl Alcohol 10%	A	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A	A	A
Hydrogen Peroxide 10%	A	A	—	B <sup>2</sup>	A	D	Methyl Bromide	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	B <sup>1</sup>	—	—
Hydrogen Peroxide 30%	A	C <sup>2</sup>	—	B <sup>2</sup>	A	D	Methyl Cellosolve	A	—	—	A	—	—
Hydrogen Peroxide 50%	A	C <sup>2</sup>	—	B <sup>2</sup>	A	D	Methyl Chloride	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	—	B	B
Hydrogen Peroxide 100%	A	C <sup>2</sup>	—	B <sup>2</sup>	A	D	Methyl Dichloride	—	—	—	B <sup>1</sup>	—	—
Hydrogen Sulfide (Aqua)	A	A	—	C	A	A	Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	A	B <sup>2</sup>	B	A	A	A
Hydrogen Sulfide (Dry)	A	A	A	C <sup>1</sup>	A	A	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	A	C	B	A	A	A
Hydroquinone	A	A	—	B	B	—	Methyl Isopropyl Ketone	A	D	—	B <sup>1</sup>	—	A
Hydroxyacetic Acid 70%	A	A	—	—	—	—	Methylamine	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	A	—	—
Iodine	A	A <sup>1</sup>	B	D	A	D	Methylene Chloride	A	C	D	A	B	—
Isopropyl Acetate	A	B <sup>2</sup>	C	C	B	—	MIL-H-5606	A	—	—	A	—	—
Isopropyl Ether	A <sup>1</sup>	B	—	A	A	A	MIL-L-7808	A	—	—	A	—	—
Jet Fuel (JP3,4,5,6,8)	A	D	—	A	A	A	MIL-L-23699	A	—	—	A	—	—
Jet fuel (JP9, 10)	A	D	—	A	A	A	MIL-H-46170	A	—	—	A	—	—
Kerosene	A	C <sup>1</sup>	C	A	B	A	Milk	A	A	—	A	A	A
Ketones	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	A	A	A	Mineral Spirits	A	B	—	A	B	A

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# Chemical Compatibility Guide

Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®
Molasses	A	A	—	A	A	A
Monoethanolamine	A	C	—	A	—	A
Mustard	A	A	—	A	A	A
Naphtha	B	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A	B	A
Nephtanlene	A	C	B	A	A	A
Nickel Chloride	A	A	—	D	B	C
Nickel Sulfate	A <sup>2</sup>	A	—	B <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Nitric Acid (5-10%)	A	B	C	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A
Nitric Acid (20%)	A	C	D	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A
Nitric Acid (50%)	A	B <sup>1</sup>	D	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	A
Nitric Acid (Concentrated)	A	C <sup>1</sup>	D	A <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	A
Nitrobenzene	A	C <sup>1</sup>	D	B	D	—
Nitrous Acid	A	—	—	B	D	—
Nitrous Oxide	A	C	—	B	B	—
OILS:						
Aniline	A	—	D	A	B	A
Castor	A	—	B <sup>1</sup>	A	—	A
Cocoa Nut	A	A	—	A	A	A
Cod Liver	A	—	—	A	A	A
Corn	A	A	A	A	A	A
Cotton Seed	A	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A	A
Creosote	A	C	D	B	B	A
Diesel Fuel	A	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A	B	A
Fuel	A	B	A	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A
Ginger	A	—	—	D	—	A
Lemon	A	—	—	A	—	A
Linseed	A	A	B <sup>1</sup>	A	B	A
Mineral	A	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A	A	A
Olive	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	—	A	A	A
Orange	—	C <sup>1</sup>	—	A	A	A
Palm	A	A	—	A	—	A
Peanut	A	A	—	A	—	A
Peppermint	A	—	—	A	—	A
Pine	A	D	—	A	—	A
Rapeseed	A	D	—	A	—	A
Rosin	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Sesame Seed	A	—	—	A	—	A
Silicone	A	A	A	A	A	A
Soybean	A	A <sup>1</sup>	B	A	A	A
Tanning	—	—	—	A	—	A
Transformer	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	A	—	A
Turbine	A	C	—	A	—	A

Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®
Oleic Acid	A	C <sup>2</sup>	A	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A
Oleum 25%	A	D	C	B <sup>2</sup>	A	—
Oleum 100%	A	D	—	A	D	—
Oxalic Acid (Cold)	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>2</sup>	D	B	B	B
Ozone	A	A	C	B	—	A
Paraffin	A	B	—	A	B	A
Pentane	A	D	—	C	A	A
Pentane	A	D	—	C	A	A
Perchloric Acid	A	B	—	C	B	—
Perchloroethylene	A	D	C	B	B	—
Petroleum	C	B	—	A	A	—
Phenol (10%)	A	B	—	B	B	—
Phosphoric Acid (<40%)	A	A	—	D	A <sup>2</sup>	C
Phosphoric Acid (>40%)	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	D	A <sup>2</sup>	C
Phosphoric Acid (Crude)	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	D	A <sup>2</sup>	—
Photographic Developer	A	A	—	A	B	—
Phthalic Anhydride	A	—	—	A	A	—
Picric Acid	A	A	—	B	B	—
Potash	—	A <sup>1</sup>	D	B	B	A
Potassium Bicarbonate	A	A	—	B	B	—
Potassium Bromide	A	A	—	B	B	—
Potassium Chlorate	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	B <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Potassium Chloride	A	A <sup>1</sup>	B	B <sup>1</sup>	A	B
Potassium Chromate	A <sup>1</sup>	A	—	B <sup>1</sup>	A	—
Potassium Cyanide Sols.	A	A	B	B <sup>1</sup>	B	—
Potassium Dichromate	A	A	C	B	B	B
Potassium Ferrocyanide	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	B	B	—
Potassium Hydroxide	A	A	D	B	B <sup>1</sup>	B
Potassium Nitrate	A	B	B	B	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Potassium Permanganate	A	A	D	B <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	—
Potassium Sulfate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	B	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Potassium Sulfide	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B	—	—
Propane (liquefied)	A	C <sup>1</sup>	A	A	A	A
Propylene Glycol	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	B	B	B
Pyridine	A	C	—	B	B	—
Pyrogallol Acid	A	B <sup>1</sup>	C	A	B	—
Rosins	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	A <sup>1</sup>	—	A
Rum	—	—	—	A	—	A
Rust Inhibitors	—	—	—	A <sup>2</sup>	A <sup>1</sup>	—
Salad Dressings	—	—	—	A	—	A
Sea Water	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A	C	A	A
Shellac (bleached)	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	A	—	A

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Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®	Chemicals	PTFE	UHMWPE	TPE	Type 304 SS	Hastelloy® C-276	Elgiloy®
Silicone	A	—	A	A	—	A	Sulfur Chloride	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	D	A	A
Silver Bromide	A	A	—	D	A	—	Sulfur Dioxide	A	B <sup>1</sup>	C	D	C	—
Silver Nitrate	A	A	—	B	A	—	Sulfur Dioxide (dry)	A	A <sup>1</sup>	C	D	B	B
Skydrol 500B	A	—	D	A	—	—	Sulfur Hexafluoride	—	B	—	—	—	A
Soap Solutions	A	D	A	A	A	A	Sulfur Trioxide	A	—	—	A	—	—
Sodium Acetate	A	A	—	B	A	A	Sulfur Trioxide (dry)	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	D	B	—
Sodium Aluminate	A	—	—	A	B	—	Sulfuric Acid (10-75%)	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	D	B <sup>1</sup>	D
Sodium Bicarbonate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	Sulfuric Acid (75-100%)	A	B <sup>1</sup>	C	C	B <sup>1</sup>	C
Sodium Bisulfate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	C	D	B <sup>2</sup>	—	Sulfuric Acid (<10%)	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A	D	B <sup>1</sup>	D
Sodium Bisulfide	A	A <sup>2</sup>	B	B <sup>1</sup>	B	—	Sulfuric Acid (cold conc)	A	C	B	C	A <sup>1</sup>	C
Sodium Borate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	B	B <sup>2</sup>	A	—	Sulfuric Acid (hot conc)	A	D	—	B <sup>1</sup>	A	A
Sodium Carbonate	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	A	A	—	Sulfurous Acid	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	B <sup>2</sup>	B	—
Sodium Chlorate	A	B <sup>2</sup>	—	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	Tallow	A	C	—	A	—	A
Sodium Chloride	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A	B	A	A	Tannic Acid	A	B <sup>2</sup>	A	B <sup>1</sup>	B <sup>1</sup>	—
Sodium Chromate	A	—	—	B <sup>1</sup>	A	—	Tanning Liquors	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	A <sup>2</sup>	B	B
Sodium Cyanide	A	A <sup>2</sup>	B	A <sup>1</sup>	A	A	Tartaric Acid	A	A <sup>1</sup>	C	C <sup>2</sup>	B	—
Sodium Fluoride	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>2</sup>	—	D	A	B	Tetrachloroethane	A	—	—	B	A	A
Sodium Hydroxide (20%)	A	D	B	B	B	B	Tetrachloroethylene	A	B	—	—	—	A
Sodium Hydroxide (50%)	A	D	C	B	C	B	Tetrahydrofuran	A	C <sup>1</sup>	B	A	A	A
Sodium Hydroxide (80%)	A <sup>1</sup>	D	—	C	A <sup>1</sup>	B	Tin Salts	A	—	—	—	C	—
Sodium Hypochlorite (100%)	A	B <sup>2</sup>	D	D	B	C	Toluene (toluol)	A	C <sup>1</sup>	B	A	A	A
Sodium Hypochlorite (<20%)	A	A	A	C	A	B	Trichloroacetic Acid	A	A	—	D	B	—
Sodium Hyposulfate	A	—	—	A	—	—	Trichloroethane	A	—	—	B	A	A
Sodium Metaphosphate	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	A	—	—	Trichloroethylene	A	D	—	B	A	A
Sodium Metasilicate	A	—	—	A	A	—	Trichloropropane	A <sup>1</sup>	—	—	A	A	A
Sodium Nitrate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B <sup>1</sup>	B	—	Tricresylphosphate	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	B	A	—
Sodium Perborate	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	B	B	B	Triethylamine	A	—	—	A	—	A
Sodium Peroxide	A	A	—	A	B	A	Trisodium Phosphate	A	A	A	B	A	—
Sodium Polyphosphate	A	A	—	B	A	—	Turpentine	A	D	—	A	B	A
Sodium Silicate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	B	—	Urea	A	A	—	B	B	B
Sodium Sulfate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B	B	—	Uric Acid	A	B	—	B	B	—
Sodium Sulfite	A	B <sup>1</sup>	—	B	B <sup>1</sup>	—	Varnish	A	A	—	A	A	A
Sodium Tetraborate	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B	B	—	Vegetable Juice	A	—	—	A	—	A
Sodium Thiosulfate (hypo)	A	A <sup>1</sup>	—	A <sup>2</sup>	—	—	Vinegar	A	A	—	A	A	A
Stannic Chloride	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	D	B	C	Water Acid, Mine	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B	A	A
Stannous Chloride	A	B <sup>2</sup>	C	C <sup>2</sup>	B	B	Water, Distilled	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	A	A
Starch	A	B	—	A	—	A	Water, Fresh	A <sup>1</sup>	A <sup>2</sup>	A	A	A	A
Stearic Acid	A	B <sup>1</sup>	C	B	B	—	Water, Salt	A	A <sup>2</sup>	A	B	A	A
Stoddard Solvent	A	C <sup>1</sup>	—	A	A	—	Whiskey & Wines	A	C	—	A	—	A
Styrene	A	—	D	A	D	—	White Liquor (pulp mill)	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	A	A	A
Sugar (liquids)	A	—	—	A	A	A	Xylene	A	B	B	B	A	A
Sulfate (liquors)	A	A <sup>2</sup>	—	B	B	B	Zinc Chloride	A	A <sup>1</sup>	A	B	B	—

## Key

A: No Effect/Excellent  
 B: Minor Effect  
 C: Moderate Effect/Fair  
 D: Severe Effect/Not Recommended  
<sup>1</sup>Satisfactory up to 72°F (22°C)  
<sup>2</sup>Satisfactory up to 120°F (48°C)

# Application Data Form

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Title \_\_\_\_\_

Company \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

Phone number \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Email address \_\_\_\_\_ Fax \_\_\_\_\_

Device/Application \_\_\_\_\_

Fluid/Gas to be Sealed \_\_\_\_\_

Temperature (Max./Op./Min.) \_\_\_\_\_ Pressure (Max./Op./Min.) \_\_\_\_\_

Seal Application: ☐ Static ☐ Rotary/Oscillatory ☐ Linear/Reciprocating Motion

Rotary/Oscillatory-RPM \_\_\_\_\_ Life Requirement \_\_\_\_\_

Allowable Leakage \_\_\_\_\_ Linear/Reciprocating-Stroke Length \_\_\_\_\_ Strokes per Min \_\_\_\_\_

Seal is: ☐ Radial/Rod ☐ Radial/Piston ☐ Face/Internal Press. ☐ Face/External Press.

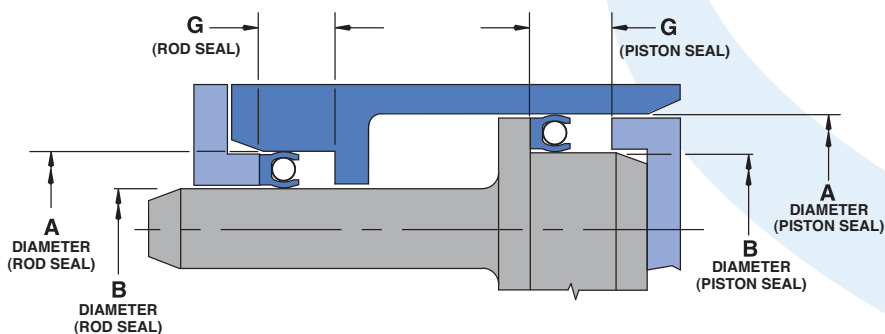
A Diameter \_\_\_\_\_ Tolerance \_\_\_\_\_ G Dimension \_\_\_\_\_ Tolerance \_\_\_\_\_

B Diameter \_\_\_\_\_ Tolerance \_\_\_\_\_ Hardware \_\_\_\_\_ Dynamic Surface \_\_\_\_\_ Static Surface \_\_\_\_\_

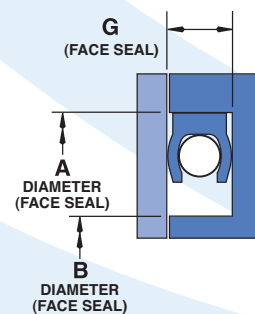
Can gland be changed?: ☐ Yes ☐ No Material \_\_\_\_\_ HRC \_\_\_\_\_ HRC \_\_\_\_\_

Hardness \_\_\_\_\_ Ra \_\_\_\_\_ Ra \_\_\_\_\_

## Radial Seal Grooves (Rod/Piston)



## Face Seal Groove



Please Fax or E-mail a copy of the completed Application Data Form to:

Saint-Gobain Seals

Fax: 714-688-2702

E-Mail: [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com)

## Warranty

**WARNING:** BEFORE USE OR INCORPORATION INTO A FINISHED GOOD, EACH PRODUCT MANUFACTURED OR SOLD BY SAINT-GOBAIN PERFORMANCE PLASTICS CORPORATION (EACH HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS A “PRODUCT”) MUST BE TESTED AND EVALUATED BY THE END-USER UNDER ACTUAL SERVICE CONDITIONS WITH SUFFICIENT SAFETY FACTORS TO DETERMINE IF SUCH PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR THE INTENDED USE. THE END-USER, THROUGH ITS OWN ANALYSIS AND TESTING, IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SUITABILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ITS INTENDED USE AND FOR COMPLIANCE OF THE PRODUCT WITH ALL APPLICABLE PERFORMANCE, SAFETY AND WARNING REQUIREMENTS. THE END-USER ASSUMES ALL RISK AND LIABILITY WHATSOEVER IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF THE PRODUCTS IN ANY FINISHED GOOD MANUFACTURED BY END-USER.

FAILURE OF A PRODUCT CAN CAUSE EQUIPMENT FAILURE, PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY AND/OR DEATH. FINISHED GOODS INCORPORATING OR USING A PRODUCT MUST BE DESIGNED WITH SAFETY FEATURES TO PREVENT PROPERTY DAMAGE, PERSONAL INJURY AND/OR DEATH THAT CAN RESULT IN THE EVENT OF A PARTIAL OR TOTAL FAILURE OF THE PRODUCTS.

Any statements, technical information, and recommendations in this publication are believed to be reliable, but the accuracy or completeness thereof is not guaranteed. The statements, technical information and recommendations in this publication shall not be the basis of buyer's decision to purchase the Product and should not be relied upon to establish specification limits or as the basis of design. Saint-Gobain Performance Plastics Corporation makes no warranties, express or implied, and assumes no liability in connection with the use of the statements, technical information and recommendations in this publication. Saint-Gobain Performance Plastics Corporation reserves the right to make any changes without notice to the Products and to the information and contents of this or any other publication, including, without limitation, materials, dimensional attributes, performance characteristics and other properties.

Nothing contained herein or in any of our literature shall be considered a license or recommendation to use any process or to manufacture or to use any product in a manner which otherwise infringes any patent or other intellectual product right of Saint-Gobain Performance Plastics Corporation or of any third party.

Saint-Gobain Performance Plastics Corporation warrants that its products do not infringe on any patent, copyright, trade secret or other proprietary right of a third party except to the extent Customer provides the specific design of the products or any part thereof.

IF ANY PRODUCT IS RESOLD BY BUYER, A COPY OF THIS NOTICE MUST BE PROVIDED TO THE SUBSEQUENT PURCHASER/END-USER.



## Terms and Conditions

1. **Acceptance Of Orders/Terms:** All orders are subject to acceptance by Saint-Gobain Performance Plastics Corporation ("SGPPL") at its Wayne, New Jersey, headquarters. SGPPL reserves the right to reject any order. Possession of a price list does not constitute an offer to sell. Acceptance of any order by SGPPL is expressly conditioned on Customer's assent to the terms and conditions set forth herein ("Terms") and the waiver by Customer of any terms and conditions contained in any order form, confirmation, or any other communication of Customer, whether previously or hereafter delivered to SGPPL, which either add to, differ from, modify, conflict with or are otherwise inconsistent with any term or condition herein. SGPPL hereby gives notice of its objection to any additional or different terms or conditions in any such order form, confirmation or communication. Customer's failure to object in writing to these Terms prior to the earlier of Customer's acceptance of the products ordered or fifteen (15) days after delivery thereof to Customer will constitute agreement by Customer to these Terms.
2. **Product Changes:** SGPPL reserves the right to discontinue the manufacture or sale of any product at any time or to alter, modify or redesign its products.
3. **Price:** All prices are subject to change without notice. Should any governmental action or request prevent SGPPL from implementing any price or continuing any price already in effect, SGPPL may at its option cancel Customer's order or any part thereof.
4. **Taxes/Duties:** All federal, state or local sales, use or other taxes, and all duties, import fees or other assessments imposed on materials sold hereunder, or on the manufacture, sale or delivery thereof, shall be for Customer's account.
5. **Credit Approval:** Customer credit approval is required prior to any shipment. If SGPPL determines at any time that Customer's financial condition does not justify the extension of credit to Customer, then SGPPL may at its option require cash payments in advance or other satisfactory security prior to delivery.
6. **Cancellation/Change Orders:** Orders for standard products may only be revised or cancelled by Customer prior to the date of loading at the place of shipment, and only with SGPPL's prior consent. Orders for nonstandard or custom products may only be revised or cancelled by Customer prior to the commencement of production, and only with SGPPL's prior consent. Any product which SGPPL has the capability of producing but does not inventory, or does not have the capability of producing, is considered a nonstandard or custom product.
7. **Packaging/Shipping/Risk of Loss:** Unless otherwise agreed to by SGPPL in writing (i) SGPPL shall select the method of shipment, (ii) SGPPL shall ship materials FOB (SGPPL's point of shipment), and (iii) costs for special packaging and/or handling requested by Customer shall be the responsibility of Customer. In the event of any general freight increase or any governmental ruling or regulation that results in increased freight costs, such additional costs shall be for Customer's account. Title to, and the risk of loss, damage or shortage of, such materials shall pass to Customer upon delivery to the carrier regardless of notice to Customer. SGPPL assumes no responsibility for insuring shipments unless specifically agreed to in writing by SGPPL, in which case the cost of insurance shall be for Customer's account.
8. **Delivery:** Quoted shipping and/or delivery dates are based on estimates at the time of quotation. SGPPL shall use reasonable commercial efforts to meet such shipping and/or delivery dates, but SGPPL shall not be liable for any direct or indirect costs or damages, including without limitation incidental or consequential damages, resulting from late deliveries. For orders with indefinite delivery dates, SGPPL shall have the right to manufacture or procure the materials covered thereby and hold such materials for Customer's account pending receipt of definite shipping instructions. Except as expressly provided otherwise herein, Customer agrees to purchase and pay for all material ordered.
9. **Claims for Loss, Damage or Shortage:** Upon delivery, shipments must be inspected by Customer for damage, loss or shortage prior to acceptance from the carrier. If damage, loss or shortage exists with respect to any shipment and it is not concealed, Customer shall secure a notation of such damage, loss or shortage from the carrier on the freight bill or delivery receipt. If damage, loss or shortage is concealed, Customer must notify the carrier within 15 days, hold the merchandise for its inspection and secure a signed report from the carrier acknowledging the damage, loss or shortage. No claims for damage, loss or shortage will be allowed unless they are accompanied by an inspection report or signed delivery receipt noting such damage, loss or shortage signed by a representative of the carrier and forwarded to SGPPL within 30 days of the invoice date. Any claims for damage, loss or shortage should also be filed by Customer with the carrier in writing immediately upon receipt of the materials. In no event shall SGPPL be liable for damage or loss to a shipment caused by a carrier.
10. **Payment:** All invoices, whether partial or in full, shall be due and payable in full by Customer net 30 days from the date of shipment unless otherwise agreed to in writing by SGPPL. All past due, unpaid balances will bear a service charge of the lesser of one and one-half percent (1 1/2%) per month or the maximum interest rate permitted by applicable law. If Customer (i) becomes insolvent, files or has filed against it a petition in bankruptcy, makes any assignment for the benefit of creditors, or has a receiver or trustee appointed for it or its property, (ii) takes action to liquidate or otherwise cease doing business as a going concern, (iii) undergoes a change in ownership, (iv) fails to provide adequate assurance or security for credit extended, or (v) takes any other action that SGPPL determines in its sole discretion adversely impacts the conditions under which credit was extended, then all amounts outstanding from Customer hereunder shall at SGPPL's option become immediately due and payable. ALL PAYMENTS, WHETHER UNDER THE STANDARD PAYMENT TERMS OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE CONSIDERED RECEIVED BY SGPPL AS FOLLOWS: (A) FOR PAYMENTS BY CHECK, WHEN THE CHECK IS RECEIVED AT SGPPL'S DESIGNATED PAYMENT LOCATION, AND (B) FOR PAYMENTS BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER, THE BUSINESS DAY IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DAY ON WHICH THE FUNDS ARE IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE TO SGPPL. Customer shall pay all undisputed invoices regardless of any dispute that may exist as to other delivered or undelivered goods. With respect to any disputed invoice, Customer shall pay all amounts not in dispute. Customer expressly waives the right to assert any offset or counterclaim with respect to amounts due under any invoice issued by SGPPL hereunder.



## Terms and Conditions

11. Returned Materials: Material may only be returned with the prior approval of SGPPL. Material returned without such approval will not be accepted and such approval may be conditioned upon Customer paying a restocking charge of up to 25% and freight costs of returned material (and out-freight if applicable). All returned materials must arrive at the point of return designated by SGPPL in salable condition, as determined by SGPPL's Quality Control Department, before any credit will be issued.
12. Warranty/Limitation of Liability: EXCEPT FOR PRODUCTS FOR WHICH SGPPL HAS ESTABLISHED A SPECIFIC WRITTEN WARRANTY, THE GOODS DELIVERED HEREUNDER ARE SOLD BY SGPPL WITHOUT ANY GUARANTY AND/OR WARRANTY, ORAL OR WRITTEN (WHETHER OR NOT SUCH GOODS REMAIN IN THE FORM IN WHICH THEY ARE ORIGINALLY DELIVERED TO CUSTOMER OR ARE FABRICATED BY CUSTOMER OR ANY OTHER PARTY TO PRODUCE A FINISHED PRODUCT). THE PRODUCT-SPECIFIC WRITTEN WARRANTIES REFERENCED ABOVE AND HEREBY INCORPORATED HEREIN ARE IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, ORAL OR WRITTEN, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT SHALL SGPPL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL, INDIRECT OR SPECIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY EXPENSE FOR REMOVAL OR REINSTALLATION RESULTING FROM ANY DEFECT, INCLUDING ANY DIMENSIONAL DEFECT INVOLVING NONSTANDARD PRODUCTS. SOME JURISDICTIONS DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR OF ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, SO THE ABOVE EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO CUSTOMER. THE WARRANTY PROVIDED BY SGPPL GIVES CUSTOMER SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, AND CUSTOMER MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM JURISDICTION TO JURISDICTION. NO FIELD REPRESENTATIVE, DISTRIBUTOR OR DEALER OF SGPPL IS AUTHORIZED TO MAKE ANY CHANGE OR MODIFICATION TO THESE WARRANTIES.
13. Remedies For Non-Warranty Claims: THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF CUSTOMER AND THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE OBLIGATION OF SGPPL IN CONNECTION WITH CLAIMS RELATING TO MANUFACTURING DEFECTS ARE SET FORTH IN SECTION 12. THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF CUSTOMER AND THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE OBLIGATION OF SGPPL FOR ANY BREACH OF CONTRACT CLAIM THAT MATERIALS DELIVERED DO NOT OTHERWISE CONFORM TO THE ACCEPTED ORDER SHALL BE EITHER THE RETURN OF CONSIDERATION PAID BY CUSTOMER TO SGPPL RELATED TO THE BREACH, OR UPON SGPPL'S ELECTION, THE DELIVERY OF CONFORMING PRODUCTS TO CUSTOMER. WITH RESPECT TO SGPPL'S NONCOMPLIANCE WITH ANY OTHER OBLIGATION OF SGPPL HEREUNDER, THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF CUSTOMER AND THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE OBLIGATION OF SGPPL WILL BE AS SGPPL IN ITS DISCRETION WILL DETERMINE AS FOLLOWS: (1) SGPPL MAY ELECT TO CURE SUCH NONCOMPLIANCE WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME, OR (2) IF SGPPL FAILS TO CURE SUCH NONCOMPLIANCE, CUSTOMER MAY RECOVER AN EQUITABLE AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED SUCH CHARGES AS WERE PREVIOUSLY PAID TO SGPPL BY CUSTOMER HEREUNDER. CUSTOMER WAIVES ALL OTHER REMEDIES, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE REMEDIES OF SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE AND REPLEVIN. ANY ACTION BROUGHT BY CUSTOMER IN CONNECTION WITH SGPPL'S PERFORMANCE HEREUNDER MUST BE COMMENCED WITHIN SIX (6) MONTHS AFTER SUCH CAUSE OF ACTION ACCRUES OR IT WILL BE DEEMED WAIVED. SGPPL'S LIABILITY TO CUSTOMER, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER SUCH LIABILITY ARISES IN CONTRACT, TORT (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, NEGLIGENCE OR STRICT LIABILITY) OR OTHERWISE, SHALL IN NO EVENT EXCEED AMOUNTS PAID BY CUSTOMER TO SGPPL FOR THE PRODUCTS INVOLVED, AND CUSTOMER RELEASES SGPPL FROM ALL CLAIMS AND LIABILITIES IN EXCESS OF THIS LIMITATION. IN NO EVENT SHALL SGPPL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL, INDIRECT OR SPECIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND.
14. Excused Performance: SGPPL shall not be liable for nor be deemed to be in default of these Terms on account of any failure to perform its obligations or attempt to cure any breach thereof if SGPPL has been delayed or prevented from doing so by any cause or condition beyond SGPPL's reasonable control. If SGPPL determines that its ability to supply the total demand for the products, or obtain any or a sufficient quantity of any material used directly or indirectly in the manufacture of the products, is hindered, limited or made impracticable, SGPPL may allocate its available supply of the products or such material (without obligation to require other supplies of any such products or material) among itself and its customers as SGPPL determines in its sole discretion without liability for any failure of performance which may result therefrom. Delivery suspended or not made by reason of this action shall be cancelled without liability, but these Terms shall otherwise remain unaffected.
15. Fair Labor Standards Act: SGPPL hereby certifies that the materials sold hereunder that were produced in the United States were produced in compliance with all applicable requirements of Sections 6, 7 and 12 of the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, and of regulations and orders of the United States Department of Labor issued under Section 14 thereof.
16. Change In Terms and Conditions of Sale: The terms and conditions contained herein constitute the entire agreement between SGPPL and Customer and supersede any and all prior representations, agreements or understandings, whether oral or written, relative to the materials delivered hereunder. No course of dealing or usage of trade shall be relevant to supplement or explain any of these terms or conditions. No modification of these terms and conditions shall be effective unless made in writing and executed by SGPPL.
17. General: This agreement shall not be assigned by Customer without the prior written consent of SGPPL, and any assignment made without such consent shall be null and void. This agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns. This agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey, without giving effect to its conflicts of law provisions. The courts located in New Jersey shall have exclusive jurisdiction of all matters relating to or arising out of any sale of materials by SGPPL to Customer hereunder, and Customer hereby consents to the jurisdiction of such courts.

## Product Line and Market Summary

As a business unit under Saint-Gobain Performance Plastics' Engineered Components division, Saint-Gobain Seals not only offers the spring-energized seals that you see in this product handbook but a wide range of other innovative sealing and polymer solutions.

### Our main family of products includes:

- › OmniSeal® (Spring-Energized Seals)
- › OmniLip™ (PTFE Rotary Shaft Seals)
- › OmniFlex™ (Fluoroelastomer Seals)
- › Rulon® (High-Performance Fluoropolymer Compounds)
- › Meldin® 7000 (Thermoset Polyimide Materials)
- › Meldin® HT (High-Performance Thermoplastic Materials)

Other products in our portfolio include Fluoroloy® (high-performance custom-formulated compounds), cup seals, hydraulic seals, metal boss seals, v-packings, piston rings, Marathon® (valves and vacuum pump diaphragms), Transband® (PTFE creepage band), custom parts, polymer bearings and stock shapes.



## Product Line and Market Summary

The majority of the seals and polymer components we manufacture are custom designed and matched with the best materials to optimize their performance in various applications and markets, and under the most extreme and critical conditions.

Saint-Gobain Seals products are extensively used in key markets such as Oil & Gas, Automotive, Life Sciences and Aerospace. We have also been instrumental in the Electronics and Industrial industries, providing energy-efficient and environmentally friendly designs. Our solutions reflect our business model, which focuses on co-development relationships and engineer-to-engineer direct collaboration. More than 93% of our products are custom engineered to the customer's application. Please feel free to contact us at [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com) to request one of our catalogs, handbooks or brochures, or if you have any questions. Our global team is happy to assist you with your sealing and polymer needs.
















For more information please call us, email us at [sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com](mailto:sealsmarketing@saint-gobain.com),  
or visit our website at [www.seals.saint-gobain.com](http://www.seals.saint-gobain.com).



### Manufacturing and sales locations

 7301 Orangewood Ave. Garden Grove, CA USA 92841 Phone: +1-800-544-0080	 386 Metacom Avenue Bristol, RI USA 02809 Phone: +1-401-253-2000	 Am Nordkanal 37 47877 Willich, Germany Phone: +49 2154-600	 Heiveldekens 22 2550 Kontich, Belgium Phone: +32 3-458-2828
 Industria Aeroespacial 3601 Parque Industrial Saltillo-Ramos Ramos Arizpe, Coahuila, Mexico 25900 Phone: +52-844- 866-1200	 120 Jardim Sao Matheus Vinhedo, Brazil 13280-000 Phone: +55 19-2127-8521	 45-46 Avda Ebro Pol El Sequero 26150 Agoncillo, La Rioja, Spain Phone: +34 94-14-86-035	 ul.Norton 1 62-600 Kolo, Poland Phone: +48 63-26-17-281
 1468 Kun Yang Road Minhang Development Zone Shanghai, China Phone: +86 21-5472-1568	 13th FL., Dongshin Bldg, 141-28 Samsung-Dong, Kangnam-Ku Seoul, South Korea , 135-090 Phone : +82-2-554-8041	 10801-5, Haramura Suwa, Japan 391-0106 Phone: +81 266-79-6400	

### Sales only locations

 Grindwell Norton Limited Devanahalli Road Via Old Madras Road Bangalore, India 560049 Phone : +91 80 30978888	 V.le Colleoni 3 Palazzo Taurus 2 20041 Agrate Brianza (MI), Italy Phone: +39 039-657891	 Saint-Gobain Advanced Materials Co., Ltd 3F-1, No. 147, Section 2 Jianguo North Road Taipei, Taiwan 104 Phone: +886-2-2503-4201	 Saint-Gobain Sekurit Co. Ltd. 64/8 Moo 4 Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate T.Pluakdaeng A. Pluakdaeng Rayong 21140 Thailand Phone: +66(38) 667 800-807
 Fuchu South Building 6F, 1-40 Miyamachi Fuchu-City, Tokyo, Japan 183-0023 Phone: +81 42 352 2100			

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